

Newport Daily News.

WAGON DELIVERIES ON 40 MILES OF ADJACENT COUNTRY ROADS.

ESTABLISHED 1846.

NEWPORT, R. I., THURSDAY, MAY 27, 1897.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

NEW AND CHOICE GOODS

OPENED TODAY, CONSISTING OF

CRETONNES, TAPESTRIES DAMASKS

Stuffs Suitable for Walls, Draperies and Furniture.

INSPECTION INVITED.

Geo. E. Vernon & Co.,
91 JOHN STREET.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

Fine Old Empire, English and Colonial Furniture.

OLD DUTCH AND ITALIAN CARVED
CHAIRS AND CHESTS.

Large Collection of Silver, Sheffield Plate,
China, Bronzes, Empire Mantel Clocks,
Fine Old Mirror and Tapestries.

BURLINGHAM'S ART ROOMS,
83 MILL STREET.

FOR A
Spring Tonic and Blood Purifier

Powell's Compound
Extract Sarsaparilla,
An excellent preparation.

POWELL'S DRUG STORE,
PELHAM AND THAMES STREET.

The Robinson,
CATHERINE STREET.

Will open for the season 1897,
Saturday, April 10.

MRS. M. J. ROBINSON, Owner and Manager.

JAPAN'S NEXT RULER.

Crown Prince's Health Shattered, and His
Successor Chosen.

The Japanese are enthusiastic in their allegiance to the throne. The emperor is no less beloved, and no less noted for his works of charity. To the young noblewomen who make up her immediate entourage she is a kindly, motherly adviser and sincere friend. Her one offspring died in infancy, to her intense sorrow. The present crown prince is the son of one of those twelve court ladies whom Japanese ceremonial custom has made the morgue-wife of His Majesty. One of these in particular, the Lady Sano Yoshi-Ko, has had four or five children, only two of whom, T. I. H. Princesses Tsuné and Kané, survive. Both are still young. The heir-apparent—Kotachi Denka is his Japanese title—is known as Prince Haru, the ideograph expressing this name being the same as the first two composing the style of the present chronological period, i. e., of the present emperor's reign. Meiji, which means "enlightened government." So Haru denotes "enlightenment" or "brilliance." The young prince, now in his nineteenth year, is an expert in military matters, and speaks fluent French and English. But he is in such poor health that there are constant alarms. During the summer of 1896 his indisposition was so severe as to cause grave apprehensions, and now it is definitely known that his pulmonary trouble is almost, if not entirely, incurable. This is, at the time of writing, a state secret, for Japanese court etiquette is peculiar. The late Prince Kita-Shira-Kawa was officially stated to have died on his return to Japan, whereas it is a fact that his tremendous family expenditure to a malarious climate resulted fatally while on Formosan soil. The late Prince Arisugawa, one of the most lamented victims of the war with China, was not reported deceased until ten days had passed after the sad event. And so it comes that, with the waning health of the crown prince, contradictory reports find their way into the columns of the press at home and abroad. This much, however, is certain—no one crippled in health has ever been, or will ever be, permitted to ascend the throne. The emperor has no other direct male issue. The choice must therefore fall on some one of the numerous princely families of the blood.

In February of this year your correspondent had the opportunity to see a private letter written by the steward of the household of Prince Kan-in, in which it was distinctly hinted that "the consequence of the probable immediate promotion of his princely master to a most exalted station," the prince would not be able to act as

JAPANESE RUGS.

We are still selling those Japanese Rugs
(9ft. x 12ft.) for **\$9.50.**

Art Squares are selling very readily this season. We have them in all sizes at lowest prices.

STRAW MATTING.

Great Variety. Small Prices.

A. C. TITUS COMPANY.

NAVAL RESERVES.

We have a fine view of the New State Armory, 6x8, unmounted, or mounted and ready for framing.

We have the same view in a small size, 2x2 1-2, which we sell for 5c. unmounted (for mailing or scrap books), or 6c. neatly mounted.

Also other views of Newport, large and small. All fine photographs and up-to-date. We would be pleased to show them.

Newport Buttons—different views. The only place you can buy them is at

CRANDALL'S MUSIC STORE.

When Looking for the Choicest

R. I. Spring Lamb, CHICKENS, SWEETBREADS, ETC.,

—CALL AT—

J. A. & H. H. BARKER'S,

346 & 348 THAMES STREET.

the patron of a certain well-known educational association. And while the Japanese newspapers dare not so much as suggest the possibility of such a measure, it is now pretty well decided in the highest circles that Prince Kan-in will be the next emperor of Japan.

Nor could the choice have fallen upon a more popular son of the blood. Prince Kan-in Norimoto—the latter being his individual and the former his family name—is a colonel in the imperial cavalry, a first cousin of the emperor, of pleasing personal appearance, great physical strength, genial and well read. His consort is one of the most beautiful and stately of princesses, and very popular with every one. The prince is adored by his men, having gone through the whole campaign with China, then one of the staff officers of the first expeditionary army.

Prince Kan-in is decidedly foreign in appearance, fond of good cheer, yet every inch a soldier. He is progressive in views, and even in the privacy of his own apartments uses nothing but European gear. His age is about twenty-six; fine physique and above middle height. [Tokio letter to New York Herald.]

SURE PUNISHMENT FOR WRONG DOING.

The arrest of King, the absconding bank messenger, and this, too, before he had an opportunity to use up the money that he had dishonestly possessed himself of, is a fortunate proceeding as a warning to those of wavering moral character. If this young man had succeeded in making his escape, it would have lessened the feeling of security now entertained in business transactions involving the transfer by employees of large sums of money in the form of bills or other convertible securities. Human nature is frequently weak, and a young man who freely handles, or has confidence in his keeping, scores of thousands of dollars may not always possess sufficient strength of character to resist the temptation to use this money for his own purposes, provided that in so doing he can escape punishment. The escape of young King with his plunder would have led to the belief in the possibility of others practicing with impunity the same criminal proceeding. It is well, therefore, to have moral resistance backed by the fear of almost certain consequences in the shape of penal punishment. It is a misfortune that this young man thus threw himself away, wrecking his own future and bringing qualified grief to his family. But even for himself it is far better that he did not succeed in making his escape, and for the community the advantage of his speedy capture is too obvious to be mistaken. [Boston Herald.]

What is claimed to be a very satisfactory imitation of camphor is now manufactured by passing hydrochloric acid in spirit of turpentine surrounded by a freezing mixture.

GIRLS EXPECT TOO MUCH OF YOUNG MEN.

The average young man is the agreeable fellow who earns enough money to take care of himself and to put by a little for special occasions. But he is not a millionaire, and he is not the young man drawn by those illustrators who, in black and white, give us so-called society sketches. A combination of foolish influences makes the girl of today expect entirely too much from the young man of today. She reads, or is told, that when a young man is engaged to be married he sends his fiancée so many pounds of sweets, so many boxes of flowers, as well as all the new books and all the new music that may appear each week. If there were more honest girls in this world—honest in their treatment of young men—there would be a greater number of marriages and fewer thieves. Yes, I mean exactly what I say. It is the expectation on the part of a foolish girl that a man should do more than he can honestly, that has driven many men to the penitentiary. And many more to lives of so-called single blessedness. [Ruth Ashmore, in Ladies' Home Journal.]

A MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC LIGHTING PLANT.

By a vote of 3,561 to 1,377 the citizens of Des Moines, Ia., have decided to try the experiment of a municipal electric lighting plant. By the same vote they authorized the council to enter into a contract with a private firm to build a plant of an approximate value of \$105,000, the city to furnish the site. This plant is to have capacity for 600 arc lights and 1,500 incandescent lights, and the company is to operate and maintain it, furnishing the city with 500 arc lights and the full number of incandescent lights. For this service the city is to pay \$55,000 per annum, and at the end of six and one-half years the plant, in good repair, is to be turned over to the city for the nominal consideration of \$1. On the estimate of the Des Moines Leader that the cost of lighting the city at the end of the six-year term would be little more than \$25,000 per year, despite the city's growth meantime, a profit of something over \$30,000 might be figured for the private company. The result at the polls followed a very lively campaign, in which, as is alleged, the sneers of war on one side were furnished by the existing lighting companies having contracts with the city. An aftermath may be court proceedings instituted by these companies to restrain the city.

A series of satirical articles on the Popular Summer Resorts of America by Joseph Smith is to appear in Life. The articles will be illustrated in a unique manner, and the peculiar characteristics of each watering place will be brought out.

Second Edition.

PEARY'S PROJECT.

He Will Start in July for His Preliminary Journey North.

NEW YORK, May 27.—Lieutenant Robert E. Peary, who yesterday received a five years' leave of absence from his duties in the navy, for the purpose of making another attempt to reach the North pole, will start north July 8, making a preliminary journey, the sole object of which is to prepare for the main trip, to be begun in July, 1898. Lieutenant Peary will first pick out a ship for the preliminary voyage. He will select one of the St. John's sealers, and have it ready to leave Boston between July 5 and 8. At Boston the sealer will take on board a store of supplies.

Lieutenant Peary will be accompanied by two or more scientific parties, which will go north with him to some point near Melville bay. One of the parties will be conducted by Professor C. H. Barton of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. Another will be led by Professor C. H. Hitchcock of Dartmouth, and a number of Yale scientists will probably organize a third party. These scientists will work independently of Lieutenant Peary, and will supply the passengers with him. The results of their studies will be in no way concerned with his affairs.

Lieutenant Peary's object in his preliminary trip will be to communicate with a colony of Esquimaux at Whale sound, who are known as the Arctic Highlanders. Mr. Peary has lived with these people and gained their entire confidence and affection. When he left Whale sound, he says, he was acquainted with every man, woman and child in the colony. He has the utmost confidence in the people, and says they will do anything for him within their power. He will pick out six or eight of the most intelligent young men in the colony and prepare them to take their families north with them and establish another colony, which a year later will be his base of supplies. At this village, which they will found, they will work throughout the year, collecting insect, fur, bearings, to be made into trousers, sealskin boots, sledges, and other supplies, and collecting and training a pack of the best Esquimaux dogs obtainable. Lieutenant Peary says he could utilize the entire tribe in his work if it were necessary. He will have his men arrange affairs so that when he sees them in the summer of '98 they will be ready to move north with him at a day's notice.

Lieutenant Peary will be accompanied on this summer's trip by his wife and his three-year-old daughter, but on the main expedition Mrs. Peary and the child will remain in this country. The journey this summer will be from Boston to Sydney, Cape Breton, where the ship will take on coal; through the Gulf of St. Lawrence to Belle Isle, and up the Labrador coast to the mouth of Hudson's strait; then to Resolution island and across to the South Greenland coast, to Melville bay, and thence to Whale sound, which will be reached in the latter part of July. The return will be made in September.

SLAVERY IN ZANZIBAR.

Abolition of Its Legal Status Not Likely to Cause Suffering.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—United States Consul Mahomed, at Zanzibar, has informed the State Department that Sultan Hamud Bin Mahomed Bin Said April 7 last issued a proclamation abolishing the legal status of slavery in the islands of Zanzibar and Pemba. The consul says: "It is thought by many persons that the effect of freeing the slaves would be to throw many thousands of negroes on their own resources, and that great suffering and privations would ensue for three or four years, but from what I can see not one person will suffer in the slightest degree. In my opinion, not ten per cent of the present generation of slaves will leave their masters, and to outward appearances the condition of the negro is the same as before emancipation."

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

New York, May 26, Friedrich der Grosse, from Bremen.
New York, May 26, Lohr, from Bremen.
New York, May 26, Serrin, from New York.
New York, May 26, Quana, from New York.
New York, May 26, Testimony, from New York.
New York, May 26, Furze, from New York.
New York, May 26, State, from New York.
New York, May 26, Serrin, from New York.
New York, May 26, Quana, from New York.
New York, May 26, Testimony, from New York.
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New York, May 26, Serrin, from New York.
New York, May 26, Quana, from New York.
New York, May 26, Testimony, from New York.
New York, May 26, Furze, from New York.
New York, May 26, State, from New York.

Ice Schooner Leaking Twenty Inches an Hour.

BOSTON, May 27.—Two-masted schooner N. H. Skinner, Captain Malloves, from Kennebec river for New York, with a cargo of ice, was towed into this port today, leaking at the rate of twenty inches an hour. The schooner sailed from Bath, Maine, Saturday, and on the following day encountered a heavy south-west gale. She strained badly, causing her to leak. The amount of leakage steadily increased, and Captain Malloves this morning decided to put into Boston for repairs. The vessel is owned in Barnstable, Mass.

Found Dead on the Floor.

AMESBURY, Mass., May 27.—Miss Catherine Merrill, twenty-three years of age, who lives a few miles from this place, on the Haverhill road, was found dead on the floor of a room in her house this morning by neighbors. While there were no marks of violence about her person, it was thought advisable to summon Medical Examiner Hurd from Newburyport to look into the case.

For an Agricultural Experiment Station in Alaska.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—The Secretary of Agriculture has designated a board, of which B. K. Killen of Oregon City, Ore., chairman, and of the board of regents of the Oregon Agricultural College, and Botanist Evans of this city are members, to go to Alaska to investigate the needs of an agricultural experiment station in that territory.

Rhode Island Pensions.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—Original—William H. Kenyon, Providence (twenty years' service). Original, widow's—Abbie A. Hopkins, North Scituate; Elizabeth E. Beach, Providence.

East Bridgewater Postoffice Robbed.

BROCKTON, Mass., May 27.—The East Bridgewater postoffice was broken into last night. Stamps and a considerable sum of money are missing. Dean's store was also broken into, and the safe blown open.

Breeches.

Breeches that are breeches—not loose pants, nor cut by trousers systems. Breeches, such as are made by Tautz, Swell's full riding.

Whipcord stable clothes a specialty and everything in the livery line.

COMMERFORD,

230 THAMES ST. CANTONERS BUILDING.

ENAMEL BEDSTEADS,
With Springs, from \$5.50 up.

Rattan Chairs

And ROCKERS, from \$1.35 up.

Turkish Rugs, 9x12, \$30 each.
Smyrna Rugs, 9x12, \$10 each.
Straw Matting from 10c. a yard up.

Gustave Hamilton, Over 204 Thames St.
E. W. LANTON'S CARPET ROOM.

For Rent.

COTTAGES ATTACHED TO THE NEW CLIFFS HOTEL,

All newly furnished and decorated for the season of 1897.

AGAIN ARRAIGNED.

King Pleads Not Guilty Before the United States Commissioner.

BOSTON, May 27.—Albert M. King, who fled from Boston last week with \$20,000 of the funds of the Boylston National Bank in his possession, was turned over to United States Deputy Marshal Waters today. He was taken before United States Commissioner Blake and arraigned on the charge of embezzling \$20,940 while acting as agent of the Boylston National bank. He pleaded not guilty, and was held under \$2,500 bonds for the grand jury, which will meet June 4. He furnished bonds and was released, his father and H. T. Williams being sureties.

The complaint against King was made by Inspector Harris of headquarters, and charges the embezzlement of \$20,940. King was held for the grand jury in the municipal court last Tuesday, on a charge of violating a state statute. This complaint will be not pressed, however, as District Attorney Stevens decided that the alleged offense came under the United States statute, and that the case therefore was not in his jurisdiction. The Boylston National Bank and the statute referring to the offense against them, provides for a penalty of not less than five years' imprisonment.

NOBEL'S BEQUEST.

Heirs-at-Law to Contest the Gift for the Advancement of Science.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—Interesting details of the vast bequest made to the public by Nobel, the inventor, have been made public by the State Department. Alfred Nobel, who recently died in Sweden, provided in his will, dated at Paris, November 27, 1895, for the devotion of between thirty and thirty-five million kroner for the advancement of science and literature, and it is thought that at three per cent per annum the income from the bequest will amount to \$20,000 or more. The sum is to be distributed annually in five prizes. Each individual prize will therefore be worth between \$45,000 and \$55,000. Some of the heirs-at-law are contesting the will, and this probably will delay the distribution of prizes.

STRUCK IN A QUARREL.

Coroner's Jury Holds the Son-in-Law Responsible for a Murder.

STARK, N. H., May 27.—The coroner's jury which has been considering the circumstances in connection with the death, several weeks ago, of Joseph Leavitt of this town, has returned a verdict that Leavitt came to his death from a blow struck by George Kimball, his son-in-law. Kimball had not been arrested up to 9 o'clock this forenoon. Leavitt and Kimball quarrelled, and it is alleged the former received a blow, causing a clot of blood on the brain, which shortly after ended in death. Two inquests were held, and considerable medical testimony was taken. The case is now in the hands of the county authorities, and it is understood they are considering what action to take. The death of Leavitt, who was well known in this section, caused an intense wave of excitement in Stark and adjoining towns, which has hardly yet subsided.

HALL & LYON CO., DRUGGISTS.

Bay Rum is another unsatisfactory thing to sell. The veriest trash is in most of the stores. We make it ourselves from the oil of Bay, and buy it abroad. Our own is 40c a pint; the foreign 60c. We guess ours is about as good as the other.

No trash anyhow.

PRINTING AT DAILY NEWS JOB OFFICE.

If you're

FAT,

And have found it difficult to get ready-made clothing to fit you, that is to fit you properly, to you we extend a special invitation to inspect the large assortment of dress and business suits we have had specially cut to fit short, fat people. Prices nine to twenty dollars

Newport One Price Clothing Co.,

Lending Clothiers, Hatters
and Furnishers.

208 THAMES STREET, 208.

EGGS

—FOR—

'Lection.

Order a dollar's worth of
Brookfield Farm

EGGS

—AT—

BROWN'S MARKET.

A SALE OF

Silk Waists

—AT—

THE BEE HIVE

To close out our entire stock of Colored Silk Waists, we have cut the prices to such low figures that the prices named do not cover the cost of the material or the making.

Lot 1. Brocaded Mixed Silk Waists; real value \$2.95.

Sale Price \$1.98.

Lot 2. India Silk Waists; guaranteed pure silk, in various colors and pretty designs, with detachable collars; real value \$3.50.

Sale Price \$2.48.

Lot 3. Best Quality India Silk Waists, in all the new shades, with various styles of fancy fronts; real value \$4.50.

Sale Price \$3.19.

Lot 4. Brocaded Taffeta Waists and Changeable Silk Surah Shirt Waists, in beautiful combinations of colorings; real value \$5.

Sale Price \$3.98.

Lot 5. Extra Quality Brocaded Taffeta Silk Waists, in various shades, both light and dark, with gathered fronts; real value \$6.50 to \$7.50.

Sale Price \$4.98.

Lot 6. Black Grenadine Waists with colored linings; real value \$3.75.

Sale Price \$2.75.

No duplicate orders taken on any of these prices.
Store open Monday evenings.

15th May, 1897.

We are closing out our entire business.

In order to close out as soon as possible we are selling out our entire stock at greatly reduced prices. Today we call attention to the following-mentioned

JAPANESE GOODS AT HALF PRICE.

10 Thick Waste Paper Baskets at 25c., reduced from 50c. and 75c.

11 Hammer Baskets just at half price.

Two other kinds of pretty Baskets at half price.

175 Russian Bowls, at 1c.

500 pretty Open Fans at 5c.; reduced from 10c.

75 China Ash Receivers at 21c.; reduced from 5c.

12 fine Rockwood Jars, with covers, at 15c.; reduced from 35c.

125 Tokio Saucers or dishes at 7c. only.

9 choice Mustard dishes at 18c.; regular price 75c.

A variety of China Boxes at half price.

35 pretty vases at 7c. only.

23 Cream Pitchers at 10c.; reduced from 20c.

1 lot of Ice Cream, Vegetable and Fancy Dishes at half price.

5 styles of Cups and Saucers at half price.

KAZANJIAN & CO., KAZANJIAN BUILDING.

This Morning's News.

ONLY THREE PAGES.

Slow Progress in the Senate in Considering the Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—Despite the fact that the Senate worked diligently at the tariff bill today, only the first three pages were disposed of during the three hours that the measure was under consideration. However, the tacit agreement against the delivery of general speeches was faithfully adhered to, and no time was wasted. The proceedings being of a routine nature, there was a marked falling off of public interest; at no time after the discussion had fairly begun did the galleries contain more than a few scattered occupants.

The bill was considered by paragraphs and the time was spent in disposing of such few amendments as were reached. The first of these, that fixing July 1 as the time when the bill shall go into effect, was passed over, to be settled when the date of the passage of the bill becomes less of an uncertainty than it is now. Most of the others were agreed to without opposition.

The Reciprocity Clause.

NEW YORK, May 26.—A Washington special to the Commercial Advertiser says that the reciprocity clause of the new tariff bill has been prepared. It differs in one or two important particulars from the similar clause of the McKinley law, which was the subject of a decision by the Supreme Court. The first portion of the proposed clause places a potent weapon in the hands of the President, by which he can increase the duties 25 per cent on goods from any country exporting to us the articles, in case they charge us any greater duty on any products than they charge other countries. This will immediately apply to Cuba, where Spain charges the United States \$4.16 per barrel on flour and herself only 85 cents. The President already has authority to prohibit imports from countries which discriminate against our products, but as this is an extreme measure it would be resorted to only in great emergencies. The proposed clause could be applied without serious friction, but the burden of duty would be sufficient to bring the country to terms promptly. The second part of the clause encourages preferential duties and fosters our export trade by enabling the President to concede a discount of 25 per cent on the products of such countries as give us these advantages.

BOOTH-TUCKER CONVICTED.

Salvation Army Barracks Declared a Disorderly House.

NEW YORK, May 26.—Frederick De Launier Booth-Tucker, commander of the Salvation Army in the United States, was tonight convicted of maintaining a disorderly house at the big army barracks in West Fourteenth street. Sentence was postponed until June 8.

Booth-Tucker was defended by ex-Mayor Hall, who quoted from the Scriptures to show that Miriam was the first halleluiah lassie, and that trumpets, cymbals, harps, castanets, cornets and timbrels were used by the ancient Hebrews in the worship of God. The judge's charge was unfavorable to the defendant. The jury was out five hours.

Booth-Tucker, who was standing beside his counsel, showed no sign of emotion, except a slight trembling of his hands, which were clasped behind his back. Mr. Hall asked that the defendant be allowed to go on the existing bond. This request was readily granted by Judge Newburger.

A PROVIDENCE ASSIGNMENT.

Not the Best of Feeling Between Members of the Firm.

PROVIDENCE, May 27.—After a two years' struggle against the odds of sharp competition and hard times, the St. Ouge & O'Neill Dry Goods Company, mainly composed of Amasa J. St. Ouge, Frank A. O'Neill and Alphonse Deslauriers, dealers in dry goods at the corner of Westminster and Union streets, made an assignment, through Treasurer Deslauriers, at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon, to John M. Fournier of the Fournier Schiller Company of Central Falls. No statement of the assets and liabilities could be obtained from the members of the firm yesterday afternoon, and even an approximate estimate could not be made.

The assignment made public the fact that there has been the best of good feeling between the members of the firm, and Secretary O'Neill stated last night that the action taken by Treasurer Deslauriers in making the assignment was done without consultation with him.

Appointed by the President.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—The President today sent to the Senate the following nominations: State—Charles Burdett Hat of West Virginia, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the United States to Colombia; Francisco S. Jones of Louisiana, to be secretary of the legation of the United States at Buenos Ayres, Argentine Republic.

Justice—John G. Thompson of Illinois, to be assistant attorney general; James Edmund Boyd of North Carolina, to be assistant attorney general.

Cabinet Crisis in Peru.

LIMA, Peru, May 26.—A cabinet crisis is probable, and it is believed that Enrique Bustamante y Salazar will be the premier of the new cabinet. He was minister of war of the Candamo provisional government of 1895.

Captain Reed of the Oakes Not Guilty.

NEW YORK, May 26.—The jury in the case of Captain E. W. Reed of Haverhill, Mass., former commander of scurvy ship "The Oakes," who was on trial in the United States circuit court for failing to provide suitable food to the crew on the trip of the Oakes from Hong Kong, brought in a verdict today of not guilty.

WAR MAY BE RENEWED.

Complications Arising over the Arrangement of Terms of Peace.

LONDON, May 27.—The Athens correspondent of the Times says it is believed that complications have arisen, owing to the advocacy by some of the powers, including Russia, of a Turkish occupation of Thessaly until the indemnity is paid, and to England's firm resistance to such a project. The Greek government is preparing for a possible renewal of the war. The correspondent of the Standard at Constantinople says the council of ministers has decided to prolong the armistice. It will refuse even to discuss the

retrocession of Thessaly, but will leave the other points of consideration to the powers. So far as the note to the European arbitrators is concerned there can be no doubt that whether the Sultan is only bluffing or in the victim of popular pressure, a peace such as Europe expects cannot be arranged without the risk of the gravest complications.

A despatch to the Times from Larissa says the impression is general among the Turkish troops that there will be more fighting. A brigade of Hediffs has started from Thessaly armed with Mausers.

A despatch to the Standard from Berlin says that the powers, including Turkey, have assented to the appointment of Prince Francis Joseph of Hattenburg as governor general of Crete.

The Sixteen Safe.

PROVINCETOWN, Mass., May 25.—The sixteen members of the crew of the Provincetown fishing schooner J. P. Johnson, who went astray on the western bank last Friday, arrived here this morning. All were well, although they suffered much from hunger during Saturday. The arrival of the men was the best news that Provincetown has heard in a long time. The families of the missing ones having passed many anxious hours since the Johnson arrived.

THE COLLAPSE OF GREECE.

The collapse of Greece will for a time be an endless subject of discussion; but we do not believe that when the experts have given opinions the causes of failure will be found to be more than two. The directing officers are incompetent, and the soldiers have not the kind of discipline they require. On the first point the evidence is already sufficient. At no point did the headquarters' staff accumulate men sufficient, at no point did they keep their officers sufficiently informed, at no point was any confidence felt in their ability to direct. Their plan was probably a good one, but its execution, if the correspondents may be trusted, was one long series of mishaps, ending in orders so surprising that those who received them declared their generals to be either treacherous, which is nonsense, or cowardly, which is more abuse. No army inferior in numbers to its enemy can ever prosper if its generals have it not perfectly in hand; and the Greeks, even when they were successful, were successful as detached bodies, and not as parts of one combined whole.

The instinct of the Athenian people, which our journalists so deride, was, we doubt not, right about that, though the mob may have ascribed to far-fetched appointments which were really the result of honest, though erroneous, judgment. It is very easy to say that the court ought not to have appointed the unfortunate Duke of Sparta to the supreme command; but Greece had no general trusted for past exploits, and a continental people expects its princes to be foremost in a campaign.

Then it was evident that, except in a few regiments, the discipline was incomplete. The Greeks, full of intelligence, entirely democratic, and with that vanity which produces criticism, need, like Frederick, the severest discipline, and they have not obtained it. The steady Turk, Mongol by origin, was never of iron, and a creed that fosters war, has, like every other Asiatic, the instinct of obedience to a superior, and needs discipline rather to educate him than to make of him a machine. But the Greek is as nervous as a Frenchman, as full of criticism as a Berliner; he is all talk and cheerfulness and self-will, and he needs before he is a good soldier the discipline of a man-of-war.

That is why the Greek fleet is believed by all who know it to be so much better than the Greek army. Once in retreat the men, it is clear, did not obey orders, and even when advancing and successful, their courage, often heroic, was rather that of guerrillas who dare because they choose to dare, than of soldiers who dare because discipline to orders seems to them impossible. All such reflections are, we admit, perfectly useless when defeat has already occurred; but it is well that the friends of Greece should think the Greeks cowards, or give up all hope for them, or, above all, believe that those who have defeated them are because of that success worthy to bear rule. The Turks have taken Larissa, but they remain what they always have been, a brave but cruel Asiatic tribe, with an instinct for attack, and, when successful, destroying European civilization. It is a question of creed, you say. Tell that to the Arabs, and report, if decency will let you, their reply.—[London Spectator.]

MENED, NOT ENDED.

It is said in Washington that Secretary Gage has materially modified the views in regard to the retirement of the greenbacks which he held when he was simply a banker. The responsibilities of office have ripened his judgment, and brought him to a truer measurement of the financial situation from the treasury standpoint. He no longer insists upon the withdrawal of government notes to make room for bank notes. He is willing to concede that with certain changes in the law—changes which stop far short of being radical—the greenbacks would become a very tolerable form of currency. Mended, not ended, is now his policy with regard to them. Instead of demanding their extinction, he aims at their improvement.

The Washington despatch upon which we are commenting states that Secretary Gage "has some distinct views regarding the protection of the gold reserve, and the adoption of a more elastic element of the currency, but he doubts the wisdom of attempting to retire the greenbacks at once, in view of popular opinion in their favor."

He would like, at least, to see the greenbacks linked to the gold reserve in such a manner that they should not be issued, after redemption in gold, unless gold should return to the treasury. This is a reform which has been repeatedly favored by Governor Dingley, chairman of the ways and means committee, and it may be possible to secure its enactment at the next session.

We hardly need say that a proposal to link the greenbacks to the gold reserve by forbidding the issue of redeemed notes, except in exchange for gold, would have our hearty support. Indeed, we can fairly claim that the plan is a shaft from our own quiver. For the past twenty years we have earnestly advocated this reform. Before gold payments were resumption of 1879, the Herald suggested the creation of a national department of last resort, entrusted with the duty of taking charge of the gold reserve, redeeming the legal tender notes and relinking them only against deposits of gold. If Mr. Gage is ready, as reported, to give this plan the sanction of his official influence, he can depend upon our assistance and commendation.—[Boston Herald.]

THE NEW CITY'S NAME.

An up-the-state contemporary is worried because people are getting into the habit of calling this city "Greater New York." There being no "Lesser New York," the comparative termination is, of course, in one sense an error, but, on the other hand, it could be defended on the ground that the reference is to our present increased size. New York is greater than

It used to be, and therefore it is not incorrect to call it "Greater New York." The name, however, is objectionable from other reasons. It takes up a good deal of space when written, and of time when spoken, while its use would be a constant intimation to the rest of the world that New York was proud of its most inconsequential characteristics, extent of territory and number of population. The Metropolitan can well leave exultation in superiority of that sort to places which persons unkindler than we might say had no other excuses for self-satisfaction. If there must be any change at all in the city's name—which is not obvious—why not leave off the dubious ending and let it go at "Great New York." For great the city is in every sense, and so general is the admission of this fact even in suburbs as far away as Rochester, that there would arise no questions or criticisms. They would come from nowhere except, possibly, from here at home, and only in regard to the last of the three words. That wretched "York" is a grievance of long standing, but there is little or no chance of getting rid of it now. The one alternative, "Manhattan" is barbarous without being either harmonious to the ear or agreeable to the eye. Its Indian-ness is more than doubtful, and its alleged derivation does not make it much better than the absurd "York."—[New York Post.]

A CAUTION TO WHEELWOMEN.

In directions to bicycle riders regarding the rule of the road it has been frequently pointed out that when overtaking and passing a vehicle on the left, which is the correct side, the cyclist must be extremely watchful against the possibility of colliding with a wagon approaching from the opposite direction. The fact has not been emphasized, however, that the danger in such instances is for greater for a woman than for a man. This is not because she is less prudent or skilful in her riding either, but simply because of the way in which she is dressed. Any lady who matters how well it is cut and fitted, still blows about somewhat, and in passing through a comparatively narrow space between two vehicles there is a chance of its becoming entangled in the spokes of the wheels on the "downward" side of the rider—if a horrible accident, and yet every cyclist who has ridden much in the city has doubtless seen dozens of half-breasted women just this sort of affair. The only preventive is unsolicited vigilance on the part of the woman as she overtakes or passes a wagon. Sometimes I have thought that there is more danger when she is riding with a man, because it is natural, after seeing him pass safely between the vehicles, to suppose that she can follow without risk. She does not always remember in time that her fluttering skirt requires more room. It is only one of the many occasions in bicycling where quick thinking and equally prompt action, the characteristics of a good rider, become necessary.—[Harper's Bazar.]

Salt Rheum

and Eczema cured. These two complaints are so tedious that the readers of the Newport Daily News should know of the success obtained by using Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. Where all other treatments have failed, it has made a complete cure.

No more horrible case of salt rheum was ever reported than that of Wilbur L. Hale, quartermaster, Pratt Post, G. A. R., Rondout, N. Y. Several physicians utterly failed to render him any relief; finally

DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY

was tried and steady improvement followed its use, and a permanent cure resulted. Cases of scrofula, nervousness, kidney and liver complaints, and in all disease brought about by bad blood and shattered nerves.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

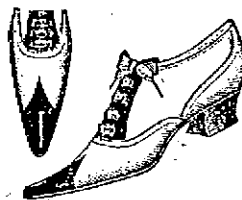
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SEABURY'S NEW \$5 BALMORAL.

It is made of French calf, on a new style last, and is a perfect fitter.

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ALL NEW!



A combination of all that is newest, latest and best

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Boys, Misses' and Children's School Shoes

a Specialty.

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We have received our immense stock of One SPRING GOODS.

Ladies' very fine russet, the latest style, from \$1.50 up.

Men's high grade russet and velvety kid, the latest style, from \$1.50 up.

Great variety in misses', boys' and children's shoes.

A BARGAIN, FARMERS' waterproof 3-sole red grain leather shoe at \$3 a pair.

BICYCLE SHOES.

Pilot Shoe Store, 211 Thames Street.

Daily News Building. E. T. FREICHEL, Prop.



THERE is a right way to paint and a wrong way. The right way is to have the best paint—Pure White Lead (see list of genuine brands) and Linseed Oil—applied by a practical painter. The wrong way is to get some mixture about which you know nothing and apply it yourself or have some inexperienced, irresponsible person do it.

FREE By using National Lead Co.'s Pure White Lead Tinting Colors, any desired shade is readily obtained. Pamphlet giving valuable information and card showing samples of colors free in various styles or combinations of shades forwarded upon application.

NATIONAL LEAD CO., ATLANTIC BRANCH, 287 Pearl Street, New York.

All Cleaning



about the house, paint, floors, pots and pans, dishes and glassware, silver and tinware, can be done better, quicker and cheaper with

GOLD DUST WASHING POWDER

than with any other cleansing compound. Largest package—greatest economy.

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You will get your money's worth. It is the best, and the best is the cheapest. It is up to the times. It is durable and simple. It is honest in construction, and handsome in finish. In equipment it is unsurpassed.

FOR SALE BY

G. G. & A. H. POPPLE, 134 Bellevue Avenue.

REMEMBER—We are selling the \$75 Hartford Bicycle for \$60.

EAGLE BICYCLES

At \$50. The question of rigid economy was not considered in its construction and it was not designed to sell at \$50 but at \$75. All parts are interchangeable. Call and see them at my new salesroom, 241 Thames street. Repair shop at the old stand, 99 Thames street.

Bicycles, sewing machines and all kinds of machinery repaired. Sundries and rubber stamps, inks and pads, steel stamps.

GEO. W. SMITH, - - - Machinist.

Bicycle Suits at Cost.

We have a few suits we will sell at cost, as we have no room to carry this line of goods. CALL AND SEE THEM. If we can't fit you, you get them CHEAP.

BAILEY & CO., - 17 Mill Street.

The 3-Ball Bearings

Which need no oil, make the

WALTHAM COMET

A wheel peculiarly adapted to Ladies' use.

No Nasty Oil to Soil Dress.

ANOTHER POINT—The 3-Ball Bearings run along so much more freely than other balls, that they wear out our Ladies' Wheel at 70 and it runs as easily as others at 60.

You get rid of most of that unsightly knee action.

COME AND SEE IT AT

BENNETT'S, Sole Agent.

Just arrived, a shipment of

LADIES' VICTORIAS

For \$55 Cash.

Ride a Victoria and be Content.

Prices, \$55, \$75, \$100.

Gentlemen's Victorias, \$75, \$100.

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Marine Railways.

Shipwright and Spar Maker,

Pile Driving and Dock Building.

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We use only the finest and insure them for a year.

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AND SILVER NOVELTIES.

Table Ware in Solid Silver and Best Plated.

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WHITE ASH COAL,

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DRUGGISTS.

TRY DOWNING'S

INTERSCHOLASTIC ATHLETICS.

The Annual Meet at Brown Will be Held
Next Monday.

The annual athletic meet of the Brown University Interscholastic Athletic Association will be held on Lincoln Field, Providence, next Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock, and promises to eclipse in interest all previous efforts to promote a friendly rivalry in athletics among the preparatory schools of Rhode Island. Teams from five preparatory schools in and around Providence have been entered for the contests, and the rivalry that has already been shown by the schools is unprecedented.

The schools that have teams entered for the games are as follows: Providence High School, East Providence High School, Rogers High School, Newport; Fall River High School and Friends' School. Last year's meet proved interesting with a smaller number of entries. New Bedford and Pawtucket, which were represented by delegations from their high schools last year, are not entered in the events of next week, but two or three of the schools are new on the list.

Friends' School won last year's games by scoring 54 points, Providence High School being second, with 48 points to her credit. The indications this year, as near as can be judged by the reports relating to the men who are to enter the games, are that the points will be more equally distributed, some of the schools promising to send teams that will make their rivals hustle for points.

The team entered by the Friends' School will number fifty-six men, and will include nearly all of the young athletes who won points for their school last year. Besides the older men there is new material that expects to show what it can do.

The Providence High School will be represented by a team of thirty men. The prospects for this school are unusually good. There are a number of track men that will run pretty races, and they have been doing conscientious work on the cinder path at Lincoln Field for several weeks. Troy Brown, '98, assistant in the Lyman Gymnasium, has had charge of the training of the high school team this spring.

This is the first year the East Providence High School sends a team. They are especially strong in the bicycle races. The Newport school won the games three years ago, and expects to send a good team this year.

There is plenty of incentive for the young athletes to do good work. The title of interscholastic champion will go to the winning team, and besides this the management of the association has procured handsome prizes for winners, second and third place men in all the events. The prizes are badges, winners and second-place men receiving silver medals and third-place men bronze trophies. (Providence Journal.)

MIDDLETOWN.

(Regular correspondence of the News)

M. 1.

Mrs. John H. Manchester spent Tuesday with the Misses Matilda and Adeline Southwick in Newport.

Mrs. N. G. Putnam of Boston, who has been guest of her daughter, Miss Sallie N. Goring, and Mrs. Eliza A. Peckham, returned home Tuesday night.

Mr. Isaac Lavine of Fall River has been in town on business.

Mr. William F. Peckham lies in a very critical condition.

A large number of Middletown people visited Newport last evening to attend "The Old Homestead."

Miss Mattie Peabody, who has been guest of her aunt, Mrs. Charles Sisson, for a few days, returned home last evening.

The subject for this evening's meeting of Aquidneck Grange is "What Occupation Affords the Best Opportunities for the Enjoyment of Life?" There will also be singing and readings.

Work has again been commenced at the Peckham Brothers stone quarry.

AT "THE OLD HOMESTEAD."

The popularity of Denman Thompson's well-known play, "The Old Homestead," was fully attested by the large audience at the Opera House last evening. All parts of the house were well filled, and the various features of the play were thoroughly appreciated, applause and laughter following each other in rapid succession, with an occasional outbreak of tears at the more pathetic passages. "The Old Homestead" has its special charm in its homely character, its pictures of human life and its realistic home scenes. It is a play that touches the heart and awakens the sympathies, and for this reason will always be popular.

The company which presented it here was good throughout, and even the character of honest old Joshua Whitcomb seemed to lose none of its interest in the hands of another actor than Denman Thompson, who has made his name a household word throughout the country. Archie Boyd caught the spirit of the character, and gave a very enjoyable portrayal of the part. Fred Clare was a capital "Happy Jack," the tramp, and the scene with Uncle Joshua was especially well rendered. Will M. Cressy and Charles H. Clark as Cy Primo and Seth Perkins made a lively pair of "youngsters," in spite of their advanced years. C. M. Richardson as Ed Ganey, with his peculiar whistle, made his character an interesting one, and had a capital helpmate in Blanche Dayne as Ricketty Ann. The other parts were in good hands.

A feature of the performance was the singing by the Old Homestead quartet, in which R. J. Jose, a well known singer, had the leading part. Mr. Jose sings as well as of old, his voice having lost none of its power and sweetness. The scene in the third act, representing Grace Church, New York, with the rendition of "The Palm Branches" by Mr. Jose and the choir, was very effective. The special

scenery in the first, third and fourth acts was of a character that added to the performance.

A NOVELTY IN WRAPS.

A garment which is a cross between an Empire coat and a cape is the result of a desire to cling to the comfort of the cape shape and still have the novelty of the popular Empire effect in wraps.

The garment shown is made with a seamless back piece, which has a box-plate in the centre. The front, composed of two oblong pieces, is joined to the back at the shoulders. The sleeve portions are laid in a box-plate at the top and are joined to the body of the garment for only a few inches either side of the shoulder



seam, hanging loose below. Heavy appliques of jet form epaulettes and partial yoke trimming combined. The standing collar is covered with jet, with a frill of lace at the back and sides. Corners of jet decorate both oblong pieces in the front and the square ends in the back. Designs in jet set on in parallel, diagonal rows decorate the edges of the cape-shaped sleeve. This use of parallel rows of trimming, either diagonal or horizontal, is much seen.

The fabric employed is grayish green poplin. A skirt to be worn with this wrap is of the same material.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Miss G. G. King called for Europe today.

—Mr. Perry Belmont is at the Hotel Metairie, Paris.

—Mr. Hollis H. Hunnewell of Wellesley, Mass., is in town.

—Mr. John H. Glover of New York is at the Riggs cottage.

—Mr. LeRoy Dresser of New York is in town for a few days.

—Mr. Daniel L. Hazard is ill at his residence on Broadway.

—Abraham D. Ackerman of this city has been granted an original pension.

—James H. Jenkins has been fined \$10 and costs for assaulting Charles B. Quinn.

—Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Tuckerman of New York have taken rooms at The Robinson.

—Soup are selling at two cents a pound in New York, and three and a half cents in Philadelphia.

—Mrs. Fairleigh Richardson of Providence is visiting her grandmother, Mrs. C. Minkler, on Mt. Vernon street.

—A patent has been granted to Frank H. Wilks, assignor of one-half to H. W. Briggs, for a lawn edge-trimmer.

—Mr. Philip M. Hammett and family are visiting Mr. Hammett's father, Mr. Charles E. Hammett, on Church street.

—The public property committee of the City Council has had the fountains about the city cleaned and put in complete order for the summer.

—A party from Newport witnessed Wednesday a very unusual sight on Mr. Benjamin Weaver's farm in Portsmouth—about 3,500 chickens.

—Election week business at the Perry House was the best for the past four years. Landlord O'Brien was obliged to bring coats into use and even to place them in the parlor, for the first time since he came to Newport.

—The troops from Fort Adams in the inauguration parade were in brigade formation. Captain William Voss commanding. Batteries B, D and F were commanded by Lieutenant Niles and Light Battery F by Lieutenant Schumm.

—The committee on public property has made an offer to the local agent of Mr. Henry Bateman, owner of the old polo lot, for the use of that property for a public play ground for the summer, and while awaiting a reply from Mr. Bateman, who lives in the state of Washington, the boys will be allowed to play ball there.

—Mr. O. H. P. Belmont's bay gelding Sundown won first prize in the class for high-steppers in the Philadelphia horse show, and his The Dane won fourth prize in the class for hackney stallions. Mr. H. McK. Twombly's Evolution was second in this class, and his bay mare Nora was first in the class for hackneys, brood mares.

—Mrs. George Kidd and Miss Gertrude Kidd, who have taken a house in Piccadilly, London, England, for the diamond jubilee of Queen Victoria, will sail next week. They will remain abroad until late in August, when they will return and go to Morrisstown, N. J., where Mrs. Kidd has rented a cottage for the late summer and autumn season.

—Haber Bheem Roy, a Brahmin of high caste, from Gorakhpore, India, will lecture next Sunday evening at Channing Memorial Church, upon the religious rites and domestic customs of his people. For some time he has been studying in England and America, and is about to return to India to try to reform some of the social customs of the Brahmins, to relieve the distress of the child-widows and to introduce some of the principles of Christian civilization among the ignorant and superstitious masses. Bheem Roy has been heard with great acceptance in Boston and the vicinity.

"UNTIL THE DAY BREAK."

A human soul went forth into the night,
Shutting behind it Death's mysterious door,
And shaking off with strange, restless might
The dust that once it wore.

So swift its flight, so suddenly it sped—
As when by skillful hand a bow is bent
The arrow flies—those watching round the bed
Marked not the way it went.

Heavy with grief, their aching, tear-dimmed eyes
Saw but the shadow fall, and knew not when
Or in what fair or unfamiliar guise,
It left the world of men.

It broke from sickness, that with iron bands
Had bound it fast for many a day;
And Love itself with its restraining hands
Might not its course delay.

Space could not hold it back with fettering bars,
Time lost its power, and ceased at last to be;
It swept beyond the boundary of the stars,
And touched Eternity.

Out from the house of mourning, fatally ill,
It passed upon its journey all alone;
So far not even Thought could follow it
Into those realms unknown.

Through the clear silence of the moonless night,
Leaving no footprint of the road it trod,
Straight as an arrow cleaving to its mark,
The Soul went home to God.

"Alas!" they cried, "We never saw the morn,
But fell asleep outward with the strife!"
Nay, rather, he arose and met the Dawn
Of Everlasting Life.

—(Christian Burke.)

FANCIES.

"Evolution," quoth the monkey,
"Makes all mankind our kin.
There's no chance at all about it—
Tells we lose and heads they win."

—[Truth.]

Advices from Delaware indicate that the peach crop, as usual, will go into the hands of receivers.—[Puck.]

Teacher—What is the force that moves men along the street?
Tommy—The police force.—[Brooklyn Life.]

"Papa," said Benny Bloomer.
"Well, Benny?"
"Do you call your horse a col because he is so fond of corn?"—[Life.]

Binks was speaking very well, but all of a sudden he broke down.
"A word—a word," he whispered to Dawson, who sat near.

"Orthology," replied Dawson. "It isn't the right word, but it's the only one I recall."—[Harper's Bazar.]

He—Well, what are you asking about now?
She (soberly)—Why were you so cool to Mrs. Masham this evening?

He—Was I? I didn't know it.
She—Oh, yes, you did, wretch! You were afraid of arousing my suspicions by showing your real feelings. Oh, you dissembler!—[Truth.]

Consistency. "Write out an ad, double column, ten inches, to the effect that 'The Blow' is the only advertising medium worth considering," said the manager of The Daily Blow.

"Yes, sir," said the ad man.
"And send a copy of it to be inserted in all the other papers in town."

"Yes, sir," [Typographical Journal.]

She—Yes, it's a good match. He is worth five or six millions, and she about the same.

He—I should think the minister would have found the funeral service more appropriate than the marriage one, in that case.

She—How do you mean?
He—"Dust to dust."—[Twinkles.]

"I saw a flying-machine the other night."

"Oh, come off."

"Yes, Fact is, I was on it—landed, hiked, and the way Miss Wiggles and I flew down the hill you'd 'a' thought we had a hundred wings apiece—and were engaged because of it. When we took headers together she landed square on my lap, and of course we had to get engaged."—[Harper's Bazar.]

In a Glasgow car was an aged Irishman, who held a pipe in his mouth. The conductor told him he could not smoke, but he paid no heed. Presently the guard came into the car and said, with a look of irritation, "Mind! I tell you you couldn't smoke in this car!"

"Well, O'm not smoking."

"You've got a pipe in your mouth."

"So I have, but O'm not walking," replied Pat, "but O'm not walking."—[Scottish Nights.]

PERSONALS.

....Bishop Newman will probably deliver the Memorial Day address at Grant Cottage, Mount McGregor.

....Moses Pierce of Derby Line, Vt., was 104 years old Tuesday. He was the oldest of twelve children, and was born in Colchester, N. H., in 1793. Four sisters are now living, the oldest 92 years old and the youngest 79, and one brother aged 75 years.

....The Secretary of War has detailed Captain Oberlin M. Carter to be United States military attaché at the embassy in London. Captain Carter is an engineer officer of high professional attainments, and succeeds to the place in the embassy which has been vacant since the return to this country of Colonel Ludlow.

....President McKinley will spend most of the summer at "Cherry Farm," the country home of ex-Senator John B. Henderson of Missouri. It is seven miles from Washington. It seems to be miles from affairs, who yet cannot be beyond reach of the Capitol. As Congress will most likely continue its labors for many weeks yet, it is necessary for the President to be at the White House nearly every day.

RESIGNATION OF FIELD SECRETARY WILSON.

W. B. Wilson, field secretary of the Rhode Island Sunday School Association, has resigned from the position, his resignation to take effect July 1. The cause was lack of funds with which to carry on the work.

A short time ago several members of the executive committee of the association became desirous of curtailing the expenditures connected with the work. In order that the committee might take what action they deemed feasible with reference to the field secretary's position, Mr. Wilson tendered his resignation. The matter will come up for consideration and settlement at the monthly executive committee meeting June 7.

Since Mr. Wilson accepted the position of field secretary, three years ago last December, he has been studying in England and America, and is about to return to India to try to reform some of the social customs of the Brahmins, to relieve the distress of the child-widows and to introduce some of the principles of Christian civilization among the ignorant and superstitious masses. Bheem Roy has been heard with great acceptance in Boston and the vicinity.

NEWPORT HOTELS.

LELAND'S

Ocean House,
NEWPORT.

Season of 1897 opens June 26.

WARREN LELAND, JR.

HOTEL AQUIDNECK,

PELIHAN STREET,

Open for Season of 1897.

T. J. O'NEILL, PROPRIETOR.

KAY STREET HOUSE,

18 Kay Street, Newport, R. I.

First-class accommodations can be had at the above well-known house at reasonable rates.

Open May 24 for the season.

DAVIS & CRANSTON,
Successors to Mrs. Joseph Bateman.

PERRY HOUSE,

WASHINGTON SQUARE.

Leading hotel in the city. Open all the year. Completely renovated and refurnished. First-class in every respect, with all modern improvements. Rates \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50 per day, according to location. Rates to parties by the week or month. For further information regarding rooms, etc., address

WM. S. O'BRIEN, Proprietor.

CENTRAL HOUSE,

BATH ROAD.

Open all the year round.

Winter rates from Sept. 15 to June 15.

American and European plan.

Catering on shortest notice.

Steam heat.

A. BENZELIN, Prop.

ISLAND HOTELS.

SPRING HOUSE.

As perfectly recuperative as life on shipboard; pleasant hotel on island; every facility for comfort or entertainment; 20 acres beautiful lawn; good fishing, boating and driving; excellent bathing; two concerts daily; owns the celebrated mineral springs (which first attracted visitors to the island); circular road.

R. B. MITCHELL, Proprietor.

OCEAN VIEW HOTEL,

Accommodates 600.

Fine Orchestra and Music Hall.

Cable Office in Hotel.

Send for illustrated hand book.

MOUNTAIN HOTELS.

JACKSON, N. H.

Eagle Mountain House and Hall.

Elevation 1,100 feet; no fog or mist; dry and cool. The new hall has 15 sleeping rooms, all en suite, reading room and a hall 35x45 for dancing, theatricals, etc. Write for circular.

C. E. OALE, Proprietor.

BOARDING HOUSES.

The Riggs Cottages,

ON CATHERINE STREET,

Are Now Open for the Season.

RED ROUGH HANDS

itching, scaly, bleeding palms, shapeless nails, and painful finger ends, pimples, blackheads, oily, mothly skin, dry, thin, and falling hair, itching, scaly scalp, all yield quickly to warm baths with CUTICURA, and gentle anointings with CUTICURA Ointment, the great skin cure.

Itching HUMORS

DR. M. Y. SIMMONS & CO.,

233 Westminster St., Providence.

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233 Westminster St., Providence.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

"Ev'ry Month"

FOR MAY

JUST RECEIVED.

COME AT LAST.

Fine Number, - - 10 cents.

"WORTH MORE TO SOME."

JOHN ROGERS,

310 THAMES STREET.

Piano Tuning.

RALPH WOOD,

Rogers's Music Store, 310 Thames St.

A Bargain.

An upright piano, in perfect order, for \$100 cash or \$125 on instalments.

John Vars, 126 Thames Street.

FISCHER

ESTABLISHED 1840.

PIANOS

RENOVED FOR

TOPE & DURABILITY

The wonderful popularity enjoyed by the

FISCHER PIANO

For the past FIFTY-SEVEN YEARS is

without a parallel in the history of the

piano world. During this period over

100,000

Pianos have been manufactured by this

firm.

Grand and Upright Pianos

In rare woods and obsolete designs.

Write for illustrated catalogue.

J. & C. FISCHER,

33 Union Square, West, between

NEWPORT DAILY NEWS AND THE NEWPORT JOURNAL.
T. T. PITMAN, PROPRIETOR.
Office, 37 Thames Street.
News, \$5.00 a year. Journal, \$2.00.
TELEPHONE CALLS.
Business Office, down stairs, 617-2.
Editorial and Reportorial Rooms, up stairs, 617-3.
Publisher's Residence, 21 High St.

The Newport Journal contains the best matter in the Daily News each week, and will be sent anywhere in the United States, postage paid, for \$2 a year in advance. Requests for change of address should give old address as well as the new.

ADVERTISING RATES.
Advertisements, without special position, at a square for the first insertion and 25 cents for each continuance. Ten lines, or less, nonpareil type (or five-sixths of an inch) make a square. Advertisements of five lines or less are taken at one-half these rates. A discount is allowed on all advertisements ordered in the Daily for more than one week, or when both papers are used.

Yearly or Term Advertisers are limited to their immediate business, are guaranteed but five insertions in a week, and are allowed twenty-five changes a year. Electrotype will be used without extra charge if solid metal; "wood backs" cannot be used with safety to the press. Advertisers using both the daily and weekly papers receive a discount on the combined rates and gain the advantage of distinct classes of readers, no person reading both the daily and weekly. The Journal goes among people who read no other local paper.

PRINTING.
The News has six steam presses and has a large and well-appointed job printing office.

Newport Daily News

THURSDAY, MAY 27, 1897.

AN UNSATISFACTORY TARIFF BILL.

Nobody appears to be fully satisfied with either the Dingley or the Aldrich tariff bill, and the more the matter is studied the greater becomes the discontent. And there is little probability that the makers themselves are satisfied with the result of their labors.

As a matter of fact it is, and forever must be, an utter impossibility to frame a tariff tax system as this was done, and as all protective tariffs have been, without doing injustice to some of those in interest. In this case, as in the McKinley bill, the committee having the matter in charge proceeded in a way to make trouble for itself and for the country at large. Instead of sitting down and doing the work assigned them, the members practically issued an invitation to all who felt the need of protection to come in and decide for themselves what was most in their interest. In response, day after day, delegations from the East and the West, from the North and the South, went forward to urge their claims and help make sure that their demands were met. In this way each interest worked the game for all it was worth, and when the items were put together and made to stand side by side, it was found that was one man's meat was another man's poison. In many instances it was discovered that the favors granted in one direction were overbalanced by burdens imposed on another class equally worthy. This could not well be otherwise, for in reality protection is, as General Hancock asserted, a local question. And so the duty levied in the pending bills, in the case of wool, benefits certain portions of the West, while every dollar gained by that section is a burden to New England and the East.

And this is true of the measure at very many of its other points. The protection granted to one section is largely at the cost of another; more largely, in fact, than of any foreign country. In the tax on anthracite coal, Pennsylvania levies tribute on New England and on no foreign people whatever, and this is by no means a solitary case in the make-up of the present bills between which the country is forced to choose.

It is no wonder therefore that it is given out from Washington that numerous Republicans are dissatisfied with the schedules as they now stand, and also that they are not agreed as to how they should be amended. Still the tariff bill will be passed, and all the more surely because of these peculiar features. The "special" interests are many, and by yielding to the demands of their representatives, votes enough will be secured in the Senate as well as the House to make up the required majority. The parties who are wronged will be heard from in full at the next election.

One of the latest luxuries of the silver fanatics is that the Rothschilds are cornering the gold mines so as to prevent the gold production from producing a golden inflation. Preposterous as the idea is, it displays the dawn of a sensibility that the enormous and steadily increasing gold product means a great deal to money matters. The Standard Union says: "All the capitalists on the earth, the possessors of securities in all the capitals of the nations, all the bankers and brokers, could not check the supply from the mines of the gold the world wants, and it is a moderate estimate that there will be new gold poured into the money channels during McKinley's administration amounting to \$1,000,000,000. This flood of gold will corner the silver theorists, drown them out, and go far to make manhood prosperous."

It is not quite certain whether Mr. H. O. Havemeyer or the United States Senate is on trial in the Washington court today. But it is evident that Mr. Havemeyer stands before the country to advantage, as compared with some of the Senators. If he is guilty of the primary charge of bribery, the Senate stands convicted, by the same testimony, of having been bribed. If one is guilty both are guilty, and if one is disposed to keep the truth from the knowledge of the public, the other is not less so. It is true that this inquiry does not relate, primarily, to the original charge of malfeasance on the part of the Senators, but, in the public mind, the whole question is involved.

Senator Aldrich in his speech on the tariff bill in his general remarks made some unexpected concessions. He distinctly declared that the industrial conditions in this country do not demand a return to the rates of the McKinley tariff. He recognizes the changes wrought by im-

provements in methods and economies in production; and he said squarely that the "cause of protection" should not be burdened by the imposition of duties which are unnecessary and excessive.

The Eastern situation looks more uncomfortable than it did a few days ago. The Sultan is evidently pretty well set up by the successes of his armies in the late war, and is not disposed to listen to the advice of the powers, especially when it does not please him. It is reported that he is still sending troops to the seat of the late war and putting them in readiness for further hostilities, should occasion require.

The first votes taken on the representative features of the Senate tariff bill, though not decisive of the final result, are encouraging to the framers and supporters of the measure. There is little room for doubt that the Senate stands ready to pass the bill along to the House for approval. What Mr. Dingley and his associates will do with it when it gets there is not so certain.

It is said that South Carolina's new Senator, McLaurin, will be an improvement over Tillman and Kirby. That may well be said of any one who might aspire for the honored place, even if possessed of but ordinary merit as a statesman and a citizen. The time was when the Palmetto state sent able men to the Senate, but at the present rate of progress it takes several generations to get back to the level of former times.

Veterans of the blue and gray marched together and united in the dedication of the monument to the Confederate dead in New York city. The inscription on the monument has these significant lines: "Fold up the banners! Smelt the guns! Love ruins—her gentler purpose runs. A mighty Mother runs, in tears, The pages of her battle years."

The elevated road has secured the right of way in Boston, with the privilege of charging five-cent fares for at least twenty years. But this is subject to the provision that if the corporation earns and pays more than eight per cent the railroad commissioners may order a reduction at their discretion. The introduction of the L is likely to prove a great thing for Boston.

Says the Brockton Times: President McKinley is now suffering from the spiritual attacks of the same kind of people that were in the habit of enjoying themselves by trying to make life miserable for Mr. Cleveland. The President should follow the ex-President's example and pay no attention whatever to them.

The General Assembly is always able to do more business in a given time when in Newport than when in Providence. That proves what has been often asserted, that the air is more pure and bracing here than there. Providence always was a slow town, and somewhat sleepy compared with Newport.

People who expected only arrows and firebrands from the new Senator from Ohio are possibly doomed to disappointment. Senator Foraker admittedly made one of the ablest and most conservative speeches from the Cuban standpoint that has yet been heard, in or out of Congress.

The Pawtucket Evening Times is to introduce a new Goss "Straight Line" Perfector Press, manufactured by the Goss Printing Press Company of Chicago, which, with the retention of the present five press, will place its mechanical department on a high plane.

It has been suggested that ex-Senator Call of Florida, now that he is out of politics, might take a run over to Cuba and give the revolutionists a lift. He was full of fight when in the Senate, and should now show his faith by his works.

The sixteen Cape Cod fishermen who were reported lost in a fog off the banks succeeded in finding themselves. They have all arrived in safety at Provincetown, and were doubtless glad to be somewhere else than on the vasty deep.

The Boston board of aldermen has adopted an ordinance which says that "no person shall be allowed to wear a covering for the head so as to obstruct the view of any person in any place of public amusement."

The scheme of "gift sales" has caused trouble for the Charlestown bootblack who gave away whiskey with every shoe. It was too much of the Rialto hotel order, and the bootblack has been shut up.

Every little while it is given out that Spain will not sell Cuba at any price. Well, as nobody wants to buy the island at any price, harmonious relations on that point are easily maintained.

It appears that the Islanders are not satisfied with having the sheriff; they also wanted the deputy sheriff, and Portsmouth thought it could furnish a suitable man, so well.

Governor Black of New York says it is not true that in this country the rich are getting richer and the poorer.

The Brooklyn Standard Union thinks the Turk is a pretty "big intin" now, to be a peaceable one.

The New York Herald says this country lacks much of being equipped for war.

THE AMERICAN IN MEXICO.

With a bountiful nature, and a population accustomed to work for pay that would support them only in conditions of equality, it can be seen by the children of the United States, who is always looking for a place to "invest his capital" (meaning often only his wife), finds Mexico attractive. So long as wages are low, and the peon is content to live as he does, and the American dollar can be changed into two Mexican dollars for the purchase of land or the pay of labor, the prospect seems a dazzling one for the adventurer. The government invites investments by the most liberal concessions, and encour-

ages in every way the building of railways and the development of productive lands. I doubt if there is another country where foreigners are so much encouraged and so well protected by the authorities as in Mexico. And this invitation to foreigners will continue so long as the government is administered in its present spirit, until the Mexicans are educated, and have learned to live better and to demand adequate wages. Meantime the government, while holding out inducements to foreign capital, is multiplying its schools, both for common and industrial education, and adopting our new educational methods, from the colleges down to the kindergartens. In this transitional period the American sees an opportunity for making a fortune. It would sound strange in England, and it begins to be rare in the United States, to hear of fortunes made by agriculture. But cases of it are said to be common here. I was told that in the little, clean, beautiful, delightful city of Guadalupe (125,000 there are forty-seven millionaires for one of them worth more than three millions), nearly all of whom have made their money from the product of their haciendas. Many of them are from the lower ranks, and began with no capital a few years ago.

Some of these lucky people are foreigners who have married Mexican women and adopted the manners of the country. I could fill this paper with instances I have heard of, of foreigners who came here penniless, and in a few years have risen to positions of trust and ownership in banks, railways and plantations. But these stories are common the world over. These profitable haciendas, where sugar, coffee and cereals are grown, both the old and the new, are really feudal principalities in extent and in authority. In the center of a tract of tens of thousands of acres, only a small proportion of which is cultivated, is the owner's residence. If he is a Mexican (and comparatively few as yet are owned by foreigners), there is a church with a tall spire or tower near the house—a landmark for every day visitor—a store, a large round, the main house of the peons who are the feudal dependents. The hacienda residence may be surrounded by a high adobe wall, and within are the various offices and courts, with tropical trees, plants and flowers and fountains. The large and poor population of this domain are absolutely dependent upon the proprietor. Their dwellings are wretched, even for this climate; their wardrobe would make a rag-market in any ghetto; and they are apt to be in debt to the proprietor, who gives them credit on wages in store, say, at a handsome profit. Just as you say, as I can see, it is a concentrated and cheerful population, both in country and city. There is an air of leisure everywhere; church festivals and holidays are frequent; every one has his siesta in the middle of the day; in small cities the shops close from twelve to three; the tramways take a rest then also, and there is no appearance that laborers are driven in their tasks. You cannot hurry anything or anybody. For "tomorrow" is a day that will be seen that it is a good country for the laboring men, who can wear anything that will hold together on a mat on the ground wrapped in his serape, and who has not been taught that if he has a piece of silver worth fifty cents it is his right to take it to the bank and have it coined into a dollar. [Charles Dudley Warner, in Harper's for June.]

A CARRIER PIGEON SERVICE BETWEEN THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

A carrier pigeon service on a large scale is about to be established on the Hawaiian Islands. Pigeon flying is generally carried on as a pastime, and is the national sport of Belgium, but a company has just been formed in Honolulu to utilize the peculiar traits of the homing pigeons in a business which is set forth in a prospectus as being very remunerative. Birds have already been bought and taken to the islands.

The proposition is to establish a line of all of the different islands in the Hawaiian group, beginning first with Hawaii, Maui, Kauai and Oahu. By means of fast-flying pigeons messages can be sent from Honolulu to all the towns and plantations on the different islands, and vice versa. It is believed that not less than fifty plantations will contribute to the scheme.

Commissioner Joseph Marsden of Honolulu, who is at the head of the new company, has mailed maps of the islands to the best-posted homing pigeon men in this country, and they have replied that neither the distance between the islands or the channel winds will be an obstacle in the way of successful flights. Kauai and Maui are but one hundred miles from Honolulu, and the most distant points of the islands from Honolulu is but two hundred and fourteen miles. The best record shows that pigeons have flown six hundred and fourteen miles in one day, in a fly from Galveston, Tex., to Philadelphia. This could not be done regularly, but it is generally considered a feasible plan to fly pigeons over moderate-sized bodies of water at a very fast rate.

The need of more frequent and speedy transmission of messages between the islands of the Hawaiian group has been strongly felt, and as there seems little or no prospect of an inter-island cable for some years at least, the proposition to establish a homing pigeon service is deemed a good business scheme. The company being organized is to begin with a capital of \$1,000, divided into four hundred shares of \$10 each. It is proposed to begin with a loft in Honolulu and equip it with fifty pairs of young birds of different breeds and half a dozen older birds, with established reputations. It is expected that within a year birds will be "posted" all over the islands and the service will be in full blast. Commissioner Marsden has bought already nine pairs of first-class homers from H. F. Whitman of Alameda, secretary of the Pacific Coast Pigeon and Homing Society. Four pairs went down to Honolulu on steamer Albatross on the last trip, and the pairs will be sent to different islands for the purpose of raising young birds as quickly as possible.

The Inter-Island Steamship Company will carry the birds to and fro between the islands from their lofts, so that they can be flown back with messages.

A very similar scheme to that of the Hawaiians is being established between Alaska and Puget sound. [San Francisco Chronicle.]

PROGRESS IN VICTORIA'S REIGN.

When Victoria was called to the throne the United Kingdom contained 25,000,000 people. Today it has over 30,000,000. The "wise men" of the time said the nation

would go to pieces. They claimed it could never govern its home and colonial possessions. Under Victoria the new territory acquired alone is one-sixth larger than all Europe. Today Victoria rules over 42,314,000 people, or twenty-seven per cent of the population of the globe. Her empire extends over 11,393,316 square miles, covering twenty-one per cent of the land of the world. The United States, at the time of Victoria's coronation, had only 17,000,000 people; today it has 70,000,000. Arkansas, Missouri and Louisiana were then Western frontier states. All our territory west of the Mississippi contained less people than Philadelphia has today. Our present trans-Mississippi population exceeds in number that of the whole country in 1847. Our territorial area has increased seventy-five per cent; our national wealth has increased about seven hundred per cent. [William George Jordan, in Ladies' Home Journal.]

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—Situation at seaman by one who served some time at sea; willing to assist with other work. Address Box 50, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Situation at coachman by an Englishman; good, careful driver; good references. Address Box 23, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Employment as butler or waiter; good personal reference. White, 43 Golden Hill street.

WANTED—Situation by young man as coachman or general man; best of references. Box 28, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Situation as chambermaid or parlormaid; by capable young woman; excellent references. Can be seen at 2 Dearborn street.

WANTED—Situation as first-class butler; English; good references. Address Box 24, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Situation by young girl as waitress or chambermaid. Apply at 123 Spring street.

WANTED—Situation by first-class English coachman; best of references. Address Box 31, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Situation by competent cook, with good Newport reference, by day or month. Address Box 25, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Situation as first-class chambermaid; can do the sewing; Protestant; best of references. Apply 23 Greenwood place.

WANTED—A lady wishes to find situation in private family in Jamaica, for young colored woman whom she can recommend. Address Mrs. Stevens, 18 Whitfield court.

WANTED—Situation by English woman as first-class cook, where kitchen maid is kept. Can take entire charge and get up company dinners and breakfasts; first-class personal references. Leaving Mrs. Frank Foster on account of her leaving Newport. Apply 51 Ayrcott street.

WANTED—Situation as chambermaid or parlormaid by a capable young woman; has excellent references. Can be seen at present employer's, 123 Gilling avenue, corner Catherine st.

MRS. KENTON has opened her employment office for the season at the usual place corner of Narragansett avenue and Spring street.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—First-class painters at J. B. Allen's, 9 Sherman street.

WANTED—Clerk; one quick at writing and accustomed to telephone. Address Box 22, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Good strong girl to assist with general housework. Apply at 4 Mill street.

WANTED—Good man to drive order wagon. Address Box 26, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Call at 82 Mill street. Bring reference.

WANTED—Young woman to do general housework in family of two. Address Box 14, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Girl to assist with general housework; one who is willing and obliging (white preferred). Apply at Sherman House, 105 Chalmers street.

WANTED—In small family, girl that is a good housekeeper. Good place for right party. No washing. Protestant preferred. Apply Box 32, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Competent girl, colored or white, for general housework. Apply 123 Belmont st.

WANTED—Experienced Protestant woman to take charge young child; must have good references. Apply to Box 33, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Man or woman well acquainted with the boarding-house business to take charge of a summer boarding-house. Call or address for particulars at 10 Bay View avenue.

TENEMENTS, ROOMS AND BOARD.

TO LET—Neatly furnished room, facing Broadway. Terms \$2 a week. Inquire of Mrs. Hill, 56 Broadway.

WANTED—Summer boarders at Mrs. Charles S. Sherman's. Address, Thurston avenue.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—With or without board, at 21 Prospect Hill street. Mrs. C. Anderson.

FOR RENT—June 1, upper tenement 15 Rhode Island avenue. Store for sale.

TO LET—Furnished, at Jamestown, eleven-room cottage, stable and windmill at west ferry. Apply to Daniel Watson, 232 Thames street.

TO LET—Tenement, with all modern improvements. Apply to A. Stevens, 45 and 59 Spring street.

TO LET—Tenement of eight rooms, centrally located; modern improvements. 29 Division street.

TO LET—One of the best stores on Thames street. Inquire at Mercury Office.

TO LET—Two-story cottage with nine rooms, 10 Bay street; modern conveniences. Apply at 21 Bay street.

FOR SALE.
YAWL-RIGGED KEEL YACHT
For Sale.

Good cabin and stateroom, 50 necessities for cruising; two main sails; modern office. Dimensions 19 ft. over all, 21 water line, 5 ft. draft. Address Box 215, Newport, R. I.

FOR SALE.
Fine Style Brougham Horse and One Saddle Horse.
Sale for lady to ride and driver also Pony, very handsome, been driven by lady; also Double Colt, harness, harness (almost new). Apply to John Brown, Harbour View, Hildam Hill, care Mrs. F. D. French.

FOR SALE.
Two First-Class Carriage Horses
At 511 Spring street, corner of Narragansett avenue.

MISS BRUCE, MANICURE,
Will open June 1st at 94 John Street

PRINTING AT DAILY NEWS
JOB OFFICE.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, May 27, 8 A. M. For New England—Partly cloudy weather tonight, with showers near the east coast; Friday fair; brisk northwesterly winds.

FOR BOSTON AND VICINITY.

BOSTON, May 27, 8 A. M. For Boston and vicinity—Fair tonight, and generally fair Friday; variable winds.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

A slight depression in the barometer, central east of New England, is causing prolonged unsettled weather, with general rains in this district. At the observation hour rain was falling in the three northern states, and there had been showers over nearly all southern sections. The precipitation is heavy in eastern Maine, one inch being reported at Eastport. The storm is confined wholly to New England. Clear skies are as near at hand at Albany and New York city, extending southward to the Gulf and westward to Lake Michigan. Clouds overcast most of the territory west of Lake Michigan, but without actual storm. An area of high barometer is moving down from the Northwest, accompanied by cool temperatures, ranging generally below 50 degrees. High temperatures occupy the interior of the country, while in eastern districts the weather continues unusually cool, with prospects of no great change.

JOHN W. SMITH,
Local Forecast Official.

LOCAL CONDITIONS.

May 27.	7 h	12 h	11 h
Temperature.	61	61	61
Barometer.	30.02	30.01	29.98
Wind.	N	N	W
Weather.	Cloudy	Cloudy	Cloudy

MINIATURE CALENDAR.

THURSDAY, MAY 27.
Sun rises.....4 h 12 m
Sun sets.....10 h 11 m
Moon rises.....1 h 11 m
Moon sets.....11 h 11 m
Length of day.....15 h 59 m
Day's increase.....1 h 53 m
High water.....5 h 31 m; 16 h 31 m
FRIDAY, MAY 28.
Sun rises.....4 h 11 m
Sun sets.....10 h 11 m
Moon rises.....1 h 09 m
Moon sets.....11 h 09 m
Length of day.....15 h 59 m
Day's increase.....1 h 53 m
High water.....5 h 31 m; 16 h 31 m
SATURDAY, MAY 29.
Sun rises.....4 h 11 m
Sun sets.....10 h 11 m
Moon rises.....1 h 09 m
Moon sets.....11 h 09 m
Length of day.....15 h 59 m
Day's increase.....1 h 53 m
High water.....5 h 31 m; 16 h 31 m
MOON'S PHASES.
New Moon, May 31, 7 h 25 m. W.
First Quarter, June 2, 2 h 02 m. W.
Full Moon, June 10, 11 h 12 m. E.
Last Quarter, June 18, 11 h 24 m. E.

NEW TODAY.

(NO OLD ADVERTISEMENTS LISTED HERE.)

Wanted—Man; 4th page.
To Let—Room; 4th page.
For Sale—Yacht; 4th page.
Wanted—Cashier; 4th page.
Wanted—Painters; 4th page.
D. E. Young—Butler; 7th page.
D. Russo—To K. S. F.; 5th page.
California—Cathart; 6th page.
Joe Hilt—Silk Wale; 6th page.
Langley & Son—Superior; 6th page.
Wanted—Situation as Butler; 4th page.
Prov. S. B. Co.—Time Table; 7th page.
Wanted—Girl for Housework; 4th page.
Wanted—Situation as Waitress; 4th page.
Wanted—Employment as Butler; 4th page.
Cranshaw—Views of State Armory; 1st page.
Cranshaw—Strawberry Festival; 4th page.
Wanted—Situation as Seamstress; 4th page.
Opera House—Under Two Flags; 5th page.
Wanted—Situation as Coachman; 4th page.
A. C. Titus—Co.—Japanese Rug; 1st page.
Perry Brothers—White Pine Wood; 6th page.
W. H. Henderson—Victoria Bicycles; 2d page.
Wanted—Situation as Chambermaid; 4th page.
F. P. Garretts & Co.—Canned Apples; 5th page.

Changes of advertisements should be sent in the night before, or early on the day of issue to insure insertion.

TO LET.

Upper tenement at 15 Rhode Island avenue.

Unfurnished cottage 14 Whitfield court.

Grazing lots.

HERBERT L. DYER,
Corner Bellevue Avenue and Bath Road.

GAS AND ELECTRIC LIGHTING APPLIANCES.

Electric Bells, Burglar Alarms, Speaking Tubes, Telephones, Gas Engines for Power Purposes, Heating Apparatus and General Repairs and Alterations.
PHILIP F. CONROY,
191 THAMES STREET.

INSURANCE

—AND—
Real Estate.

HENRY BULL, JR.,
197 THAMES STREET.

Following properties for sale:
Two tenement—13 Bridge street, rents \$20, \$100.
Cottage house—West street, rents \$20.
Two tenement—(Hammond street, rents \$10, \$100 square feet of land, \$2,800.
The "Baker estate," 19 Mann Avenue, about 10,000 square feet of land and cottage house. Price reasonable.
The "Matthews" property on Bath road, No. 43, 50 feet frontage. Particulars on application.

FOR SALE—One chestnut horse, one bay horse, one pinto horse, harness and carriage, carriage, victrola, T-car, express wagon, double harness and collars. Terms reasonable. To be seen at Mrs. Walter L. Kane's stable, Bellevue avenue.

REAL ESTATE—Attractive residence over Middleton line, near river, convenient to electric. Cottage property on Channing street. Building lots on Braman and Thurston streets. **CHARLES B. MARSH,** Agency, 183 Broadway.

FOR SALE—Paw No. 1, Trinity Church. Apply to W. A. Coggeshall, Administrator, 260 Thames street.

FOR SALE.
From a herd of thoroughbred Jerseys, about fifty quarts of PURE MILK, daily, apply to R. B. Cornfield, Kent Plant Farm, Jamestown, R. I.

REAL ESTATE ROOMS,
04 BROADWAY

Connected by telephone.

'FINANCIAL.'

New York, May 27, Wall Street—The stock market opened strong, with Sugar at 10, Chicago Gas at 2 1/2, Burlington at 7 1/2, Rock Island at 6 1/2, St. Paul at 7 1/2, Northwestern at 20, Louisville at 1 1/2, Southern preferred at 27, Manhattan at 89, Missouri Pacific at 15, and New Jersey Central at 7 1/2.

The Cokers developed business and recorded fractionally on short sales, induced by apprehension as to the outcome of the argument to be heard today as to whether the examination of the coal roads' presidents shall be proceeded with under the anti-trust law. Some concessions were noted in the general list, but the losses were soon recovered and a higher level of values established. This was partly offset by a determined attack on the market by the bears at the resumption of the first hour, in which Sugar, Western Union and Chicago Gas were affected freely. The reactions in the general list were quite uniform. London was a buyer at the lower level.

Money on call, nominally at 1 1/2 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 2 1/2 per cent; exchange, weak, with actual business in bankers' bills at 81.50 for demand

HURRYING TO ADJOURNMENT.

General Assembly Transacting Business at a Lively Rate.

At the afternoon session of the General Assembly yesterday the committees reported back the various matters referred to them in the morning, and the bills and resolutions were passed by one or the other branch and in a few instances were acted upon in concurrence in both houses. There was little business of general interest.

The senate passed the bill authorizing the city of Providence to hire \$125,000 for the construction of schoolhouses, the act allowing the town of Westerly to purchase or acquire the plant of the Westerly Water Works and to hire money for the purpose, the resolution making an additional appropriation of \$75,000 for the expenses of the state, to be used for the construction of roads; a resolution appropriating \$1,000 for the state board of agriculture, an act incorporating the city of Johnston, amendments to the charter of the Joseph Church company of Portsmouth, and to the insolvency law; and ordered the payment of the bill of the Newport Artillery for the election day expenses.

The act incorporating the city of Johnston was amended by the addition of a clause providing that the members of the police force shall not be removed without cause and without an opportunity to answer charges. The charter will be voted upon by the citizens of Johnston at a special meeting, to be held June 23.

Mr. Gregory introduced a resolution making an appropriation of \$125,000 for a building for insane patients at the state institutions.

The judiciary committee reported back favorably and the senate passed the act authorizing John W. Bacher and wife to adopt Sophia Matilda Anhorn, with a change of name to Tillie Anhorn Bacher.

The house passed in concurrence with the senate the acts regarding the Westerly Water Works and the bill of the Newport Artillery, and passed the bill allowing the town of East Providence to incur a debt in excess of three per cent of its taxable valuation, and several amendments to charters.

Mr. Norris introduced a resolution, which was referred to the committee on finance, making an appropriation for repairs to the Bristol county court house and jail.

Today's Proceedings.

The General Assembly continued its May session this morning, and decided to adjourn this afternoon until the prescribed time for meeting in January. In the house Dr. Garvin attempted to have a limit to the January session fixed, an amendment declaring that the session shall be closed March 30, but this did not prevail.

The senate met at 10:30 o'clock, and after transacting a little business took its case until the house met a half-hour later.

On motion of Mr. Freeman, the unexpended balance of the appropriation to the order of the governor, for a representation of the state at the Tennessee centennial and other celebrations, was continued and placed at the order of the governor.

Mr. Burdick of Newport introduced the act passed by the house at the last session, providing that the commissioned officers and enlisted men of the Newport Artillery shall be entitled to service medals, and the act was passed without reference to a committee. The house had not taken up the act when the recess was taken, but is expected to pass it at the afternoon session.

The senate concurred in the house amendment to the insolvency law, and in the passage of the act allowing the town of East Greenwich to incur a debt in excess of three per cent of the taxable valuation.

An act incorporating the Cumberland Street Railway Company was passed. It provides for a railroad to be operated by electricity or other motive power, not by steam power.

In the house the act allowing David Coggeshall of Middletown to release the dower rights of his insane wife in certain lands in Middletown was reported back from the judiciary committee with a minor amendment, and as amended was passed.

A resolution was passed appropriating \$25,000, to be used for the disbursement of existing contracts in the completion of the State Normal School. The committee had reduced the appropriation from \$50,000, and the house agreed to the amendment.

On motion of Dr. Garvin, a joint resolution was passed for the distribution of copies of the General Laws to the members who have not already been provided for.

An act for the incorporation of the Providence Steam Company, for the manufacture and distribution of steam for heating and manufacturing purposes, which was reported favorably by the committee on corporations, kept the house in session for nearly an hour after the senate had taken a recess. The passage of the act was objected to by Messrs. Gardner, Baker and Rawson, Mr. Gardner moving that it be re-committed to the committee for hearings, and this being objected to by Messrs. Nourse, Kimball and Allen. The motion to recommit the bill was lost by a vote of 16 to 40, Messrs. Ames, Baker, Burns, Bowler, Carpenter, Crandall, Gardner, Garvin, Irons, Jolly, Mason, McAvellan, McCoy, Rawson, Rose and Van Slyke voting in the affirmative.

When the act was put upon its passage Mr. Gardner moved that it be co-

sidered by sections, and the first section was amended at Mr. Gardner's suggestion, by a vote of 25 to 20. The vote on the final passage of the act was 45 to 0. Messrs. Burns, Gardner, Garvin, Irons, Mason and McAvellan alone voting in the negative.

The joint resolution of adjournment originated in the house and was concurred in by the senate.

OFF FOR BOSTON.

Washington Commandery Leaves for a Two Days' Pilgrimage.

Washington Commandery, No. 4, Knights Templar, fifty strong, headed by the Newport band, left here this afternoon for Boston, where it will be guest of General Warren Commandery until tomorrow night, when it will return via the Fall River line. The following is the roster of the visiting Sir Knights:

Eminent Commander Henry C. Stevens, Jr., Generalissimo W. B. Scott, Captain General Duncan McLean, Senior Warden T. T. Fowler, Treasurer David M. Coggeshall, Jr., Recorder David Stevens, Standard Bearer F. W. Casler, Sword Bearer Herbert Bliss, Warden E. G. Hayward, Guards F. P. Gladding, J. W. Gibson and E. P. Therien, Past Commander Right Emminent John P. Sanborn, Right Emminent John G. Langley, Right Emminent W. W. Sampson, J. W. Sampson, George E. Vernon, Jr., Sir Knights J. S. Allen, R. C. Bachelier, R. J. Benson, W. E. Brightman, J. M. Bryer, A. E. Burland, W. S. Cranston, S. H. Curtis, Rev. George W. Cutler, George F. Daniels, J. B. DePlets, W. P. Denman, R. H. Gardner, Joseph Gibson, S. B. Gladding, Joseph Hatre, Clarence A. Hammett, G. E. Houghton, G. E. Houghton, Jr., M. C. King, P. M. Jones, W. H. Langley, W. S. Lawton, A. S. Melkie, William E. Mumford, B. H. Richards, J. D. Richardson, Thomas C. Sherman, Harry M. Spooner and William H. Walcott.

LARGEST IN THE WORLD.

Launching of the Kaiser William the Great at Stettin.

Of signal interest, not only to all who are engaged in shipbuilding, but also to all Germans, was the launching of the new double-screw steamer Kaiser William the Great, which took place recently near Stettin. This splendid steamer is at present the largest vessel of the kind in the world, and Germans are naturally elated at the thought that their country holds the palm in this respect. The dimensions of the monster craft are as follows: She is about 150 metres in length on the water line and 158 metres over deck. Her breadth is about 20 metres, and her depth is 13 metres. Her gross tonnage is registered at 13,500, and her displacement is 20,000 tons. She has been built under the supervision of the North German Lloyd, and she ranks as a first class steamer.

For the safety of her passengers, the freight and the vessel herself, all possible precautionary measures have been taken. There are fifteen watertight bulkheads, and by means of these and of other appliances the vessel is divided into eighteen separate watertight compartments.

Furthermore, there is a double floor over the entire length of the vessel. There are two triple-expansion engines, each of which has four cranks and four steam cylinders. Besides these there are not less than sixty-eight auxiliary engines (for the electric lights, the pumps, etc.), which are provided with one hundred and twenty-four steam cylinders. The two main engines are of 30,000 horse-power, and the daily consumption of coal is from four hundred and fifty to five hundred tons. The average rate of speed is set down at twenty-two miles an hour.

The steamer contains accommodations for four hundred first-class passengers, three hundred and forty second-class passengers and eight hundred third-class passengers. The cabins of the first-class passengers are amidships, or over the promenade deck, those of the second class are toward the stern, and those of the third class are in the front part of the vessel. The various saloons and reception rooms are elegantly furnished and decorated, the first saloon being ornamented in early Renaissance Italian style.

Some fine paintings are to be seen, among them those of the emperor of Germany's residences from the earliest times down to the present day. Decorations in rococo and in Queen Anne style are also to be seen. Especially tasteful in this respect are the reading-room, music room and smoking room. The cabins are designed to accommodate from two to three passengers each, but there are also several state cabins for special occasions.

The number of men employed on the steamer is four hundred and fifty, of whom two hundred and eighty form the engineers' corps. There are twenty-four steel boats, and the vessel is further provided with the best modern safeguards against fire. On the whole, the Kaiser William the Great is a notable vessel, and it is no wonder that the Germans are proud of her.

ANOTHER REPERTOIRE COMPANY.

The Charles E. Cook Repertoire Company will be at the Opera House next week, giving two performances daily at popular prices, the attractions for Monday being "At Gettysburg" and "Under Two Flags." The Woonsocket Reporter says of the opening performance of an engagement in that city: At the hour when the going people were leaving their homes for places of amusement Monday night the rain fell in torrents, and nothing but the good name enjoyed by Charles E. Cook's repertoire company and the certain anticipation of something worth the sacrifice would have drawn such a large audience as assembled at the opera house to see the first of the week's performances. There have been but few large gatherings in the house this season.

Manager Cook is to be congratulated on his entire success with the cinematograph, which gave a number of wonderfully realistic moving pictures, including a fire scene and the passage of the Black Diamond express. The machine fairly puts in the shade every contrivance of the kind that has been previously shown here.

WEED TRAVELS.

The general trend of weed migration is found by Mr. Lyster H. Dewey to have been westward in the United States east of the Rocky mountains, except in New England. This westward course corresponds with the progress of cultivation and the movement of the supply of field seeds; while in New England and the Canadian States, weeds are carried westward by the Canada trade, and along the coast, chiefly along the railroads, in bale hay, grain and wool.

AERIAL SHIPS IN WAR.

A Military Expert Points Out Their Great Destructive Possibility.

Captain Sir D. Haden-Powell, a distinguished military authority, warns the governments of all nations that they would better put bomb proof roofs on their forts, if they want to stand any chance whatever of winning the next war in which they engage. Captain Powell says that an aerial warship is an absolute certainty, and that what the military genius of the future will have to look out for will be bombs overhead, instead of in front or behind. In other words, Captain Powell states that the fort without a roof will be about as useful as the fifth wheel of a wagon.

When questioned about the matter, Captain Powell said: "While we have thus far let us take what precaution we may for our defense. It may be possible to protect to some extent our fortifications by means of sloping, bomb-proof roofs over the more vulnerable portions. The guns must be made capable of firing upward. During the siege of Paris the Germans had a number of guns specially made on swivel mountings for firing at balloons, though it is also true that very few of these were hit during the siege. Rockets might, perhaps, prove more useful. The only really efficient means of defense, however, will undoubtedly be for every army and every government to make themselves equal, if not superior, to their enemies with aerial armaments."

Aerial machines will flourish. "I think we may at all events consider it a fact that aerial machines will figure to a great extent in the wars of the future. There may be the existing cumbersome contrivances, traveling with difficulty fourteen miles an hour, or they may be balloons so improved as to go twenty or thirty miles an hour."

"It is also possible that a slow-progressing flying engine may be introduced, or that finally some swift-darting 'aerial' traversing over one hundred miles in the hour and outstripping the fastest flying bird, will be the foe with which we shall contend. Even if the existing navigable balloon be not greatly improved upon, if we consider the advantages that France actually possesses today—we see them many occasions on which this invention will be of the greatest value."

"Every nation has this problem to consider as they are at present situated, with the possible exception of Russia. Should some foreign nation produce an engine of war such as a dynamo-carrying aircraft, there is no certainty that the other would be able at once to imitate it. It is more probable that the invention of this sort could easily be kept secret, since the difficulties chiefly lie in the details."

"In fact, it may be said that efficient machines of many descriptions could probably be easily made if only we could turn out a suitable light-weight motor. Now, a motor, whether it be steam, electric, gas, explosive or any other, can easily be kept a secret. It would be practically impossible, then, for an observer, on seeing an aerial machine in motion, to discover and reproduce the details of the mechanism of its motor."

"If two nations actually went to war—two great nations—that power which had organized an aerial navy would possess such an incalculable advantage that its opponent would suffer a most crushing defeat. Within a few hours of the declaration of war some nervous could be despatched quite out of range of guns, and perhaps traveling at such a speed as to insure safety from projectiles over the enemy's country. From their explosive shells could be dropped where and when the aerial would be damaged, magazines blown up, ships sunk and cities ruined."

"It is not plain, then, that an absolute necessity exists for the modern fort to have a bomb-proof roof? The facts I have presented are known to every careful student of military matters. They are the theories ripe for explosion, but facts, the realization of which cannot come too soon."

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Steam yacht Seneca has gone up the bay.

—Mr. Elisha Dyer, Jr., is expected here this afternoon.

—Thirty footers Vaqueiro III and Wa Wa have sailed for New York.

—Several wagon loads of trunks have arrived for Senator Calvin B. Dyer.

—Mr. Smith has re-opened the restaurant and waiting room on Commercial wharf.

—Perryboat Comenent is hauled out at Crowley's yard. Torpedo boat Porter is to be hauled out there soon.

—Mr. and Mrs. Townsend Taylor and Mrs. A. A. Mauran left today for Jamestown, having leased the Hammond place for the summer.

—The Gosselin, which left here Tuesday night, reached Larchmont, after a pretty rough trip, in twenty-two hours, good time for a 40-footer.

—Mr. Josephs, agent for the Forepaugh-Sells Brothers circus, is in town, arranging for the appearance of the circus in Newport Wednesday, June 30.

—George H. Sharp and wife have quit-claimed to Ferdinand D. Carr their undivided quarter interest in the estate of Benjamin U. Carr on Prospect Hill street.

—A Fall River despatch says: The New England Express Company, with headquarters in this city, has been incorporated in Newport, Providence, Boston and Pawtucket. The capital stock is \$20,000, and

English Decorated TOILET SETS

With jar, 12 pieces,

For \$3.70.

WALSH BROTHERS,

222 Thames Street.

NOW IS THE TIME

To build up your system with a good food tonic.

DR. HURLEY'S IS THE BEST.

THE HUB PHARMACY, 176 Thames St. E. S. BLUMENKRANTZ, Pharmacist.

the directors are J. N. McClure, George Grime and Patrick J. Mansfield of this city, R. J. Carry of Newport and Samuel Driver, Jr., of Pawtucket.

At the special meeting of the United States Golf Association, held last night at Delmonico's in New York, resolutions were unanimously adopted expressing the deep regret of the association at the death of its late president, Mr. Theodore A. Havemeyer.

There are indications that the work on Franklin street is to be rushed. The street was opened Saturday, before the materials for finishing it were on hand. The pavers are now at work, and when they are done the street will be much than before. A good-sized gang is busy on the turnouts at the head of Franklin street.

Margaret K. Bentley and Count Joseph Rebiglio and wife have sold to Ella F. Mason, for \$2,000, a lot of land bounded north, 101 feet, on land of the Gibbs Land Company; east, 59 feet, on Gibbs Avenue; south, 130 feet, by Champlain street, and west, 100 feet, by other land of the grantors.

"THE HOLY CITY" TONIGHT.

The production of Gail's "Holy City" by the Enterprise Club, under the direction of Mr. Irving P. Irons, at the First Presbyterian Church this evening, promises to be one of the best given by the Enterprise. The work has received flattering notices from the English and American newspapers, and is well adapted to the Enterprise. The soloists for the occasion will be Mrs. Carrie Doty-Spencer, Miss Gertrude Edwards, Mr. Walter Towne and Mr. Henry H. Smith, so that the parts are in capable hands. Mr. G. Everett Hill will preside at the organ and Mr. William R. Boone at the piano, and with the seventy voices of the club, conducted by Mr. Irons, the production should be one well worth attending.

BETTER HANDWRITING.

Those who have been permitted to see the specimens of writing of classes in our public schools since the vertical system of handwriting was adopted cannot fail to have been greatly pleased with the results. The paramount virtue in handwriting is legibility. No matter how pretty and artistic handwriting may be, if it cannot be read, or cannot be easily read, it fails of its purpose. Of course, assuming legibility, it is better that handwriting should possess symmetry and grace of form, but these are merely accessories which may be dispensed with if it becomes necessary to do so in order to secure legibility. In the case of the vertical system of writing, as taught in the public schools, not only is legibility secured, but also, in the case of the majority of the pupils, symmetry and grace as well. This is an exceedingly satisfactory result. Those business men of Boston who have had young men, and sometimes young women, from the public schools, and frequently from the high schools, come into their offices, know from hard experience that the handwriting of those who have thus been employed has been in most cases neither legible nor symmetrical. But hereafter, under the present system, if the examples given of the work of boys and girls of ten, twelve and fourteen years of age can be taken as a test, the graduates of our public schools who find employment as clerks, salesmen, saleswomen, etc., will possess in most instances an entirely satisfactory style of handwriting when they first seek employment, and thus in their cases it will not be necessary to teach them penmanship after they have entered a store or office.—[Boston Herald.]

For Nice Lean

Sugar Cured Hams

At the lowest market prices, GO TO

THE POINT MARKET,

Corner Bridge and Washington Streets

T. GLADDING & SON.

Rhode Island

SPRING LAMB,

25 cents a Pound.

SPRING CHICKEN,

And all the delicacies of the season to be found at

ROONEY'S MARKET.

FARMERS,

Now that buying and cream separating is about the season, you will be rem with agents of all kinds to tell you what to buy. And among them may be our man; if so he will have some facts to tell you. When he tells you we carry the best and most complete line of milk separators. Why this is so is because the manufacturing houses, if they can, find representatives in the line to sell their goods.

We take call in and pick out the best—like the Woods Mower, the Woods Toller, the true Tiger Hay Rake, the Russian Cream Separator, etc.

Then the other manufacturers have to find some man, agent, or set out without doing business at all. Therefore the farmer has to consult some tale to tell of failure at the manufacturer's. That they can't supply the farmer with the best and most complete line of milk separators, who comes to tell you remarkable circumstances of trials that would be to the credit of his goods; not to mention to all farmers that know what good work is done.

But one thing is quite sure to follow, his prices are low; we know this; it should be so. They are cheap from the start; they usually are. And when our are such, they are even cheaper than those of the other manufacturers. We are used, while ours are internal, and so forth, as a comparison of the two will plainly show. However, Brother Farmer, we will be with you. We will have for you, powers like Jack knives. Take your pick and pay the money; you will not be the loser.

Now don't be hasty; don't place your orders. We will give you a surprise. It is not time to buy a mower now; we will be in time for you, by the time you want them. For cream separators, see what we offer; see the old machine that has been in use for two years, and see if there is any thing in it. Remember the Russian has no pans to clean; the housewife may as well wash milk pans, as separator pans. Our cylinder has but three pieces to wash once a day only.

Let's see about prices. You can save \$10 on some kinds at the start, that is attraction. It is wise to save \$10 and get an exposed rear separator. That stops at a third. The Russian has four pans per cent more cream from the milk than others. Makes six quarts of cream a day, at 30¢ per quart—\$1.80; for 30 days—\$54; that makes a loss of \$3.38 per month for our separator. It costs \$25.00. If that rate we make you a present of \$2.00, you save \$3.00 from that tempting chance, and save \$10.00 by not washing the condition of the (your) exposed rear machine.

Wholesale prices to the farmer for Paris Green, that will kill with 1 lb. to an acre.

We have our Woods mowers in the store. If any one doubts it come and see before we get out of this town. Know there are calling for them.

The best new power in the field for 1897 started with A. T. Anthony, May 21.

THE GEO. A. WEAVER CO.

Is HEADQUARTERS at all times for Farm Supplies.

19, 21 & 23 Broadway.



EYES EXAMINED FREE

Means nothing, unless the examination is made by a COMPETENT person, with KNOWLEDGE and EXPERIENCE. Then it is RELIABLE and WORTH getting FREE. Examining eyes and correcting them with glasses, has been my SPECIALTY for over fifteen years. I DON'T CHARGE FOR ADVICE, and ask only what is worth for glasses. I WILL SATISFY you, as I have most of the spectacle wearing people of Newport. ASK THEM.

MUELLER, Scientific Optician, Bellevue Avenue.

Time is Very Precious

Where your sight is concerned, if you have the least trouble with your eyes, delay may move more serious than you imagine. You can have your eyes examined here without cost to you. If you do not need glasses we will tell you so.

Wilson, - Optician, 88 BROADWAY.

Children's Dresses

—FOR—

ELECTION.

A new line received this week, which we are offering at the following prices:

35 dozen CAMBRIC DRESSES, well made and neatly trimmed, at 25¢ each.

25 dozen LAWN and DIMITY DRESSES, sized 2 to 8 years, very pretty patterns, at 35¢ each.

11st PERCALE DRESSES, well made, pretty patterns, and neatly trimmed, all sizes, at 45¢ each.

25 dozen LAWN and DIMITY DRESSES, two foot fronts, an exceptionally nice line at the price, 65¢ each.

1st lot in READY PERCALE, all sizes, made to sell at \$1.00 each, 75¢.

MANY OTHER STYLES, at various prices up to \$2 each.

CALL AND LOOK THEM OVER.

K. S. F., Attention.

The greatest gathering of Knights of St. Edward Forest that has ever assembled will convene at New Jersey, September 7, '97.

Newport Sir Knights, a golden opportunity is yours, by selecting your uniform from Rogers's elegant uniform catalog, secured especially to meet the many orders for uniforms now on hand. Remember! Catalogue No. 30 is the banner catalogue. Her uniformed Sir Knights will be in the van of this mammoth assemblage.

GOLD BADGE WITH EVERY UNIFORM.

DONATO RUSSO, 6 BROADWAY.

127 Livers of every description a specialty.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

OPERA HOUSE.

ONE WEEK, beginning

MONDAY, May 31.

Chas. E. Cook's Players and Specialty Stars, in

POPULAR PLAYS.

Monday—Matinee—At Gettysburg.

Monday Evening—Mr. Harry Knight's effective Dramatization of Ouida's greatest story.

UNDER TWO FLAGS.

Prices—10c, 20c and 30c. Reserved seats now ready.

Time matinees daily.

SPECIALTY—First time in Newport, and first time outside of Boston and New York, of the only perfect picture projecting machine, the

BIOGRAPH.

Presenting the latest and best animated photographs.

EUTERPE CLUB.

70 voices. MR. IRVING P. IRONS, Director.

7th season. 11th concert.

Gaul's Holy City,

First Presbyterian Church, Broadway.

THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 27, 1897.

Soloists—Mrs. Carrie Doty-Spencer, Soprano; Miss Gertrude Edwards, Contralto; Mr. Walter T. Towne, Tenor; Mr. Henry H. Smith, Baritone.

Admission, 50c. Reserved seats, 75c. Tickets now obtainable at Crandall's Music Store, Rogers's Music Store, and members of the Enterprise Club. Reserved seats obtainable at Rogers's, 210 Thames street, on and after May 24.

NEWPORT OPERA HOUSE,

Saturday Evening,

May 29, 1897.

ENGAGED,

By W. S. Gilbert.

A Farcical Comedy in Three Acts Under the Direction of Mr. Howard Hoppin.

For the Benefit of the

Newport Hospital and

St. Mary's Orphanage.

Prices—\$1, 75c, 50c and 25c. Sale at box office open Wednesday, May 26, at 10 o'clock.

The Portsmouth Grange, P. of H., will hold its 5th annual

Strawberry Festival and Social

at OAKLAND HALL,

Tuesday Evening, June 1.

Supper, 25c. Tickets for Dancing, 40c.

"The Miller" and "B. & H." CENTRE DRAUGHT

LAMPS,

With all the latest improvements.

Hand Lamps, Table Lamps, Banquet Lamps.

Hanging Lamps, Bracket Lamps, Stable Lamps, Hand Lanterns.

Separate Burners, Chimneys, Wicks, Shade and Globes, in all sizes.

"Diagnos" Lamp Oil, Pratt's Astral Oil, Imported Colza Oil, In one or five gallon cans.

WITH THE PUBLIC AS A PARTNER.

Governor Leedy's Plan to Build a New Railroad to the Gulf.

MANKATEE, Kansas, May 27.—Two thousand and five hundred people gathered here last night to discuss railroad freight rates, and the meeting afforded Governor Leedy an opportunity to spring a surprise upon the people of Kansas. After referring to the recent Supreme Court decision, further curtailing the authority of the Interstate Commerce Commission, he declared that the time had come for the people of the West to act, and stated that they must themselves furnish the needed relief from exorbitant freight rates. Thereupon he proceeded to outline a plan which he said he had been maturing for months.

He announced that he appeared before the meeting as the representative of a company of railroad men who desired to go into partnership with the public in the building of a railroad from some point in central Nebraska through Kansas, Oklahoma, Indian Territory and Texas to the Gulf. He said the company he spoke of was able and ready to complete the road, provided the public would take the majority interest in it, and that the public need not put in one cent until the railroad should be completed. The proposition is that the states and municipalities shall hold the majority of stock. The men associated with him did not propose to take in any outside capital save that of the states and municipalities, which would be in the majority, and they proposed to run the road themselves, or to allow the majority interest to run it. The stock and bonds of the company it is proposed to issue through the Texas railroad commissioners, or the commissioners of the other states owning it, as might be agreed. Prominent Texans, the governor said, had expressed a willingness to take hold of the scheme, and he believed that Texas is willing to invest some of the \$25,000,000 of her surplus school funds in securing more equitable freight rates. It is claimed, too, that the 1,500 counties in Texas could be put to work on the roadbed, the state receiving pay for their labor in first mortgage bonds. The governor's plan was enthusiastically received.

GIVEN FAIR WARNING.

Old Vigilance Spirit Aroused at Butte by Recent Crimes.

BUTTE, Mont., May 27.—The numerous robberies committed in Butte lately reached a climax last night by the murder of William Krieger when he resisted an attempted hold-up, and have aroused the old vigilance spirit in the people. As a preliminary to organization, a notice signed "Committee of 50" was published here, addressed to the murderers, highwaymen and holdups, warning them to leave the region within twenty-four hours, commencing at 6 o'clock tonight. The notice continues: "Hoboes, whether innocent or guilty of crime, who go at once will be considered innocent, but those who remain over the allotted time are guilty in our belief, and God have mercy on their souls."

Iowa Gold Standard Democrats in Conference.

DES MOINES, Iowa, May 27.—The gold-standard Democratic state committee held a conference here yesterday, all parts of the state being represented. Chairman W. C. Mullin of Cedar Rapids presided. It was decided to hold a convention in Des Moines July 7, two weeks after the Democratic convention. The sense of the conference was that the National Democrats cannot support any endorsement of the Chicago platform.

Death of Buffalo Calf, Last of the Quappaw Chiefs.

BAXTER'S SPRINGS, Kansas, May 27.—Buffalo Calf, the aged chief of the Quappaw, died of pneumonia yesterday at the Quappaw agency in the northern part of Indian Territory. He was the last of the Quappaw chiefs.

SHINGLING ENGLISH CHURCHES.

The appeal from England for American contributions for the repair of the old church at Stoke Poges is being accepted as about the last straw to tax our charity.

We have contributed to memorials for Scott, Carlyle, Tennyson, George Eliot, Thomas Hughes and other distinguished representatives of our common stock. We have loaded the Stratford chapel with more stained glass than the sun can shine through. We can now, if we wish, put some new shingles on the roof of the church, though we would better wait until we have paid the bills for strengthening the foundations of Canterbury cathedral, which was recently described as a worthy object for our generosity.

We have not overlooked the spirit of brotherly love shown by our kinsmen across the water in returning to us Governor Bradford's history. And we are proud that Scott and Canterbury are of our race instead of being Turkish, Slavonic or Abyssinian. But there are very hard and our own stock of memorials is in sore need of repair. We let markets in Faneuil Hall and offices in the Old State House to raise revenue. Poe's cottage is being abused, and Elmwood, the home of Lowell, is threatened by real estate speculators. We are very ashamed of it all, but we should be much more ashamed, and even mortified to the blushing stage, if our countrymen should send letters to the Times or the Pall Mall asking the mother country to help us.

Our wealthy citizens dispose of a great deal of money in England, and our educated inhabitants, not so wealthy, such as lawyers, doctors and teachers, spend their summers in larger and larger numbers "doing" the castles and landmarks in the British Isles. They give of their savings generously, but some way or other they convey the impression that we have more money than we know how to use.

If any great institution like Parliament or the Royal Academy is in danger, we will drink the health of "our common blood" as if we all belonged to the ancients, but isn't it a little beneath British dignity to send us a subscription paper every time an interesting old church needs shingling?—[Boston Journal.]

The Critic's London correspondent writes that England, at least, is "Crocket's" story "Lad's Love," has been received with lukewarm interest, remarking, by the way, that "the slight rebuff (to a novelist under contract to write well into the next century) may well be the very best thing possible for its author." From this London letter we learn, also, that Stevenson's unpublished story, "St. Ives," is to be completed by another hand. The name of the daring writer who would undertake to do the work of the master is not given, but we doubt of the result.

There is a Class of People Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all grocery stores a new preparation called GRATE-IT, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomachs can take it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over 10¢ as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15¢ and 25¢ per package. Try it. Ask for GRATE-IT.

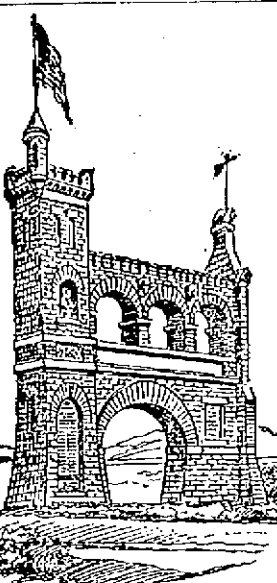
WRITERS IN THE WAR.

Their Memorial at Crampton's Gap and Its Records.

[Copyright, 1897, by the Author.]

Not many Americans of the present generation—counting a generation at forty years—know anything personally of war correspondents. Our great civil war began thirty-six years ago. It is thirty-two since it closed. The majority of the correspondents in the field are now dead. Of about one hundred and fifty, or more, who described the events of the struggle with pen and pencil, only thirty or forty are alive. This shows how active death ever is among all classes at all ages. Not even so many would have survived had not nearly all of them embraced the calling while they were in the early twenties—little more than boys indeed. The war for the preservation of the Union was fought by very young men. They were styled veterans at its termination, though many were not then thirty.

The average duration of human life after maturity is much shorter than is commonly believed. Almost any one of good constitution and in fair health will, it is thought, on reaching twenty-one continue until sixty, or beyond. But it is not so. Accidents and acute diseases, which are not and cannot be taken into account beforehand, add greatly to the average mortality. We do not, it is generally held, begin to miss vacancies in the ranks until which we set out our world march until



THE MEMORIAL.

we have passed our sixth decade at least. But the vacancies are really forced on our attention before fifty, often even before forty. Let any man of forty or thereabouts recall, if he can, how many of the associates of his early boyhood are still among his contemporaries, and he will realize the truth of what has been said.

The correspondents, North and South, of the war, most of whom were almost forgotten by the multitude, have recently been commemorated. A memorial was completed and dedicated to them last autumn at Crampton's Gap, a pass in the South mountain range near Burkittsville, Frederick county, Md. The scene of the battle of South Mountain, which occurred September 14, 1862, it is on a branch of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad. It is also in the vicinity of Harper's Ferry, Cedar Creek, Antietam, Gettysburg and other fields famous in the four years' contest between the North and the South. It has been to people at large an obscure place. The erection, however, of the memorial—a double fender, picturesque gateway, mainly of granite and rubble stone, some sixty feet high, having a large arch at the base, three smaller arches above and a solid, pictorial, striking tower on one side—tends to make the Gap noted and keep the memory of the correspondents green.

The names of about one hundred and thirty of them are engraved on tablets inserted in the memorial. Some of the names, as those of Henry M. Stanley, Henry J. Raymond, John A. Cockrell, David S. Broder (Pete Crayon) and the Count de Paris, are not those of the war correspondents. They were inscribed on the memorial for causes indirectly connected with the struggle. Not a few of the men recorded gained little prominence; others may not deserve to be there; others, again, who were conspicuous in the field have been omitted in the list. George Alfred Townsend, who originated the idea of the monument, who collected the money for its building, about \$5,000, and who supervised the entire work, did his utmost to select the proper names, but naturally had great difficulty in deciding among the conflicting claims. He certainly did what he undertook to do very well, did it economically, conscientiously, wholly without personal recompense. Put for him the memorial would not in all probability have been erected at all.

The Northern war correspondents surely merit remembrance by the republic. They endured, they suffered much in its behalf and had no recognition either from their country or the community. They were in the army, but not of it. They shared all its discomforts and dangers and none of its rewards. They were imprisoned, some of them sent for one and two years; they were wounded, even killed, but none of the glory so bountifully extended to the regular soldiers was theirs. Many of their deeds, brilliant daring in the extreme, remained unnoticed. They were not even well paid by the newspapers for which they performed so excellent service. They were a body most loyal, faithful, energetic, courageous, the trustworthy medium between the army and the people, but were not recognized, unless by the consciousness of duty done. If we should have another war, either at home or abroad, the correspondents will be on a totally different footing.

Many of the survivors are very well known outside of their war record. They continue to be very active, very capable, some of them old. Some of them, still writers, have won high reputation. To mention a few in alphabetical order, there are H. V. Boynton, Julius Henri Browne, William C. Church, Richard T. Colburn, John Hay, Edward H. House, Whitelaw Reid, William F. G. Shanks, George W. Smalley, Edmund Clarence Stedman, George Alfred Townsend, Henry Villard, John Russell Young. Some of the deceased names achieved distinction, as Charles Carleton Coffin, Thomas W. Knox, Albert D. Richardson, in authorship; Joseph B. McCullagh, as editor and part pro-

prietor of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat; Benjamin F. Taylor, as a poet. Among the living Townsend has achieved fame as a general correspondent and writer; George W. Smalley as a London correspondent, now the American correspondent of the London Times; John Hay as a humorist, diplomatist and biographer; Stedman as a poet and critic, and Cockrell, Edward in business and an agnostic philosopher, still writes. Many have changed their vocation for the better. Hardly an instance can be cited of a journalist making money so long as he confined himself strictly to journalism. The same might be said of an author while he continues to be an author.

John Hay is wealthy, but became so by marrying an heiress, the daughter of a Cleveland millionaire. He may have remembered what Major Pendennis so frequently declared to Arthur, "It is just as easy, my dear boy, to be a rich girl as a poor one." But Hay's intimates say that he sincerely loves his wife, and would have offered himself had she been without financial prospects. Is there any sound argument in favor of a man relinquishing a woman he has set his heart on because she has a fortune?

Whitelaw Reid is another correspondent who has the name of having grown opulent through marriage. It is not often that any man has the chance of securing a father-in-law worth \$100,000 to \$200,000, by winning his sole daughter. Reid is said to have acquired a handsome independence before marriage by his business talents. His wife's dowry is asserted to have enabled him to get rid of the Old Man of the Sea (known here as Jay Gould) while nominally proprietor of The Tribune, and thus to have become actually what he had long assumed to be.

Henry Villard is almost the sole man who, beginning life in his early teens as a journalist and continuing to be such for years, has made himself wealthy, and in Wall Street too. He must have been a congenial financier, and remained ignorant of the fact until his opportunity came. Long a leader of the street, he had his reverses—lost millions and recovered them. He retired two years ago. He made enemies naturally by his success. They accused him of various kinds of wrongdoing, and brought suits for millions of dollars. He has been vindicated by time. The suits have been withdrawn. He retains many warm, devoted friends, who consider him one of the kindest, most upright, most generous, most conscientious of men. PAUL R. CLEVELAND.

THE ENGLISH TENNIS PLAYERS.

The Neighborhood Club of Newton will have no invitation tennis tournament this year. It was hoped that the club would duplicate its record of 1895, when it introduced Dr. Joshua Pim, the then champion of all-England, and Harold S. Mahony, the present holder of the title, to the tennis world. The tournament of that year will always hold a high place in tennis annals for its bringing together of the best of two continents. The tournament did the game a world of good, and a similar one this year would have acted as a very good tonic.

In planning for this year's tournament the committee aimed at surpassing that of 1895, and it is through no fault of the committee or of the club that the tournament has been abandoned. The club had made a liberal appropriation to carry out the committee's plans, and its invitation to four of the leading English players had been accepted.

The first and leading obstacle to the plans is the date set for the English championships, which begin June 21, when the Neighborhood tournament commences. Naturally, the English players find it more to their advantage to play in their own national tournament. Mahony, for instance, has the title to defend, and would have to default if he came here.

The change of date for the English championships has caused some speculation, and some persons are wondering why it was put back from July, its usual month, to June. It may be that opposition was made to having the men come over here before the English events were held. It is understood that the visit of Pim and Mahony in 1895, which prevented their participation in the English event that year, was not pleasing to the followers of the game on the other side.

But there is a possibility that the English players may come later in the season. It is understood that the national association is trying to bring some of them to Newport.

AGAINST IMMORAL PUBLICATIONS.

The following is the text of the act in amendment of the General Laws, "Of offences against chastity, morality and decency," passed recently by the General Assembly:

Section 1. Whoever imports, prints, publishes, sells or distributes a book, pamphlet, ballad, printed paper or other thing containing obscene, indecent or impure language, or manifestly tending to the corruption of the morals of youth, or of place of education, or by, procures, receives or has in his possession any such book, pamphlet, ballad, printed paper, print, picture, figure or other thing, either for the purpose of sale, exhibition, loan or circulation, or with intent to introduce the same into a family, school or place of education, shall be punished by imprisonment not exceeding two years, or by fine not exceeding one thousand nor less than one hundred dollars.

WHY JAPAN ABANDONED SILVER.

The silverite students of Oriental finance will find a great deal to interest them in the reasons which the Japanese statesmen gave for deserting silver. There were four of these which were dwelt upon as having had decisive influence. The first was that silver caused constant fluctuations in the price of commodities, and that gold would prevent these. The second was that gold would increase exports by securing convenience of trade with foreign countries, the depreciation of silver having created such obstacles that Japan's export trade had been greatly crippled. The third was that gold would prevent the fluctuations in exchange which silver caused. The fourth was that the gold standard, by giving assurance of soundness and stability, would attract foreign capital.

These reasons will undoubtedly prove very offensive to the Western silverite statesmen, for they have been irrefragably repeated by hearing them advanced at Washington and at other points in this country. Whether they will prove any more acceptable when presented to them in the Orient, is doubtful. It will be irritating to travel many thousands of miles to the other side of the globe only to be confronted with the same old "gold-bug heresies" which have become so tiresome at home. But China may give the pilgrims comfort which Japan denies, for silver is having full sway there.—[New York Post.]

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The finest cleaner made. It removes only the dirt or tarnish without injuring the surface. Will not scratch. All Grocers sell it.

Bon Ami

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS will be received at the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, Navy Department, Washington, D. C., until 12 o'clock noon, June 1, 1897, and publicly opened immediately thereafter, to furnish at the Naval Station, Newport, R. I., the daily supply of fresh beef, fresh vegetables, fresh bread, and provender for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1898. Bids proposals will be furnished upon application to the Naval Station, Newport, R. I., EDWIN STEWART, Paymaster General, U. S. N.

CLOTHING.

See our American Cuyot Suspenders—25 cents. Compare them with the French Cuyot Suspenders—50 cents. We will show you both kinds and think you can save 25 cents by patronizing American Industry.

We have the best Castoff, Leather End Suspender for 25 cents that is made.

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Tailors—Haberndashers,
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Coachman's Breeches, Footman's Breeches, Bicycle Breeches, Golf Bags, Knickerbockers, Riding Breeches and Leggings made to order by OTTO, 244 Thames St.

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is one of the best performances of its kind and cannot fail to give you satisfaction. There is a great deal in being satisfied. Your clothes will be satisfactory if you have them made by

D. Russo, Sole Agt., 6 Broadway.

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"Perfectly Satisfied,"

Is what my patrons say.

It is a fact that my Suits, Overcoats and Trousers are made better, fit as well, and wear as long, as those costing very much more.

I make to order, Suits, \$14;

Overcoats, \$15; Trousers,

\$1 and upward.

Not obliged to take goods that are not satisfactory in every way.

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248 Thames Street. U. S. Hotel Building.

SPECIAL SALE

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For \$1.50.

Come early, before sizes are broken. See window.

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H. D. Spooner,
TAILOR,
233 1-2 Thames St.

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We have a nice lot of the Crushed Stone for paving walks, drives, etc. Only place which has the Blue Stone. Order now for spring work, before it is all gone.

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Opposite State House.

Correct Styles in both Imported and Domestic Creations

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ALSO JUST ARRIVED,

50 Nice Toilet Sets,

\$2.50 to \$10.

ALSO

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\$6.50 to \$13.

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Refrigerators, \$3 to \$20.

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AND ALL KINDS

Laundry Stoves and Utensils.

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CARPETS and MATTINGS.



RUGS and ART SQUARES.

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AND FURNITURE REPAIRING.

John S. Langley,

Funeral Director

and Embalmer.

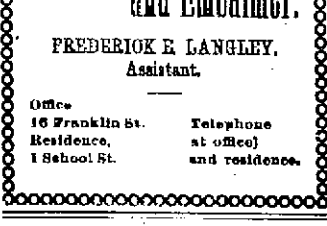
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blasting powder,

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we load them for \$2.00 a

hundred with "Hazzard's

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And Carpet Cleaning Works.

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Orders may also be left at Peckham & Manches

ters, 31 Broadway. Telephone connection.

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FOR SALE.

A SEVEN-ACRE FARM near Paradise Rocks. Beautifully situated on high land and commanding fine sea view. The buildings, which are all new, include dwelling, stable and carriage house. This property is especially suitable as a place for summer residence. Price and particulars furnished on application.

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ine and Fir Streets.

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ING, APRIL 6, AND UNTIL MY NEW BUILDING

IS READY, WILL BE LOCATED

ABON. | where he will be pressed to receive
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I have the largest assortment of the best of all Refrigerators,

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Also the largest variety and stock of
KITCHEN UTENSILS
And the latest and best
LACE CURTAIN STRETCHERS
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Look After Your Tin Roof.

A tin roof is as good as any other roof. Tin gutters are all right, they, as well as the tin roof, will last for many years if you give them a coat of paint once in a while. But you must put on the best material; it is the cheapest in the end.

WHAT TO USE.

Prince's metallic or mineral brown is the best roofing paint made. It has no sediment in it; will not scale, crack, chalk or fade. This paint has a double label on every package. Do not take the one-label packages, they are all imitations. Most of them contain enough sulphur to destroy any tin roof in six months to a year. We have the genuine article—no handle nother. It costs no more than the poorer grade and is sure to give satisfaction. REMEMBER THE TWO LABELS. You can get it at 62 MITCH.

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At 75c. each.

New lot of Shirt Waist Sets, sterling silver, 75c.

Accommodation Belts,
Will fit anybody, white kid with covered buckles,
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FINE CARPETS A SPECIALTY



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THE WAY IT WORKS.
As Hard for Newport to Win from Taunton as for Pawtucket to Beat Newport.

Yesterday's Games.
At Taunton-Taunton, 1; Newport, 1.
At New Bedford-New Bedford, 1; Fall River, 1.
At Brockton-Brockton, 2; Pawtucket, 7 (two innings).

New England League Standing.

Team	W.	L.	Tied	Percent
Newport	14	8	1	.509
Brockton	12	10	0	.545
Fall River	10	9	1	.526
New Bedford	9	12	0	.429
Fall River	8	12	0	.400
Taunton	6	14	0	.300

Today's Games.
Pawtucket at Newport, New Bedford at Brockton, Taunton at Fall River.

Taunton, 1; Newport, 1.
(Special to the News.)
Inability to bat McDougall at the proper time, combined with several costly errors, cost Newport the game at Taunton yesterday. Foley pitched a fine game, but the errors came at critical times. The Taunton team presented a little change from its recent games, and the change was a good one. Wise was transferred to right and Herwig resumed his old place in left. He signalled his appearance by making a pretty hit, and also taking in a fly which was good for three bases with an ordinary man after it. In spite of his errors Bean played a snappy game for Newport, and Grant put in a timely single to right which sent in Newport's only run. Moore made a pretty stop and throw which caught the crowd, and Harrington accepted a number of very difficult chances. It was a very pretty game to watch.

Taunton took the bat at the start, and after Moore and Fitzmaurice had been retired Harrington took his base on an error by Bean. Then came a very peculiar play. Irwin hit a line ball to the right-field fence. Stephenson attempted to catch it, but it hit the tips of his fingers and bounded over. The umpire refused to allow more than two bases on it, and Irwin stayed on second and Harrington on third. Wise came to the bat and on Bean's fumble of his hit Harrington scored, but Irwin was caught at the plate.

In the second Taunton scored again. Herwig came up amid applause, and hit to left. He stole second neatly and came in on Moore's single. This ended Taunton's scoring up to the eighth. Newport failed to get a hit until the fifth from McDougall's fine pitching, only one man seeing first base in that time. In the fifth, after Stephenson had gone out, Crisham and Bean hit safely, but Dismore's hit to Harrington resulted in a double play and no run. In the eighth they scored their only run. Bean led off with a hit and stole second. Foley's single advanced him to third, Grant hit safely and Bean scored. Grant started to steal second, but Harrington intercepted the throw and Foley started for home. Harrington passed the ball to Delaney, who turned Grant back and then shot it to the plate, getting Foley. Taunton scored one more in the eighth on Fitzmaurice's double and a long fly to centre, Crisham dropping the throw to the plate. In the ninth Dismore got two bases on an error by Gilbert and came in on McDougall's hit.

Umpire Kelley was a little off on balls and strikes, favoring Taunton in this respect. His decision in the first, however, cost them a run at least. During the game Manager Finn took rather too strong exceptions to the umpire and was sent off the grounds. The score follows:

TAUNTON.

A. B. R. H. E. P. O. A. E.								
Moore, 3b.....	5	0	1	2	0	0	0	0
Fitzmaurice, r.f.....	4	1	1	2	0	0	0	0
Harrington, c.....	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Irwin, 1b.....	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stanley, 2b.....	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wise, r.f.....	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bean, 3b.....	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Herrmann, l.f.....	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Siebbough, p.....	4	0	1	2	0	0	0	0
Total	36	4	2	5	2	0	0	0

NEWPORT.

A. B. R. H. E. P. O. A. E.								
Gilbert, c.....	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Crisham, 1b.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Moore, 3b.....	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dismore, 2b.....	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Herwig, r.f.....	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Foley, 1b.....	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
McDougall, p.....	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	24	1	1	0	0	0	0	0

by McDougall, 1. Hit by pitcher—Stanley, 2b. Bean—Harrington—Delaney—Wise—Irwin—Finn—Covey—Kelley. Attendance, 400.

Brockton, 2; Pawtucket, 7.
Brockton won from Pawtucket yesterday in the tenth inning, through a double by Magoon, a single by Gochman, a base on balls and Stone's wild throw. Sheek pitched the last three innings for Brockton and did well, while his hitting was the feature of the game. Attendance, 600.

Innings.

A. B. R. H. E. P. O. A. E.									
Brockton.....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Pawtucket.....	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

Local Briefs.
—Schneider Laurel is discharging granite for James H. Cotrell.
—Miss Mary G. Copley is visiting in Providence and Taunton.
—Mr. John J. Butler is engaged to sing at a concert in Taunton tonight.
—Miss Rose Feeley of Providence has returned home after a visit in this city.
—Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Travers and Mrs. Burke-Rocher have returned to New York.
—Rebconer J. Henry Edmunds arrived yesterday, with pipe for the gas company.
—Mr. J. C. Whitebridge of Baltimore and Mr. H. Douche of New York are at Kinzie's.
—Mr. and Mrs. P. S. Taggart have arrived from New York, and are guests of Mr. J. M. Swan.
—The Puritan for June has a number of views of the new home of John Jacob Astor in New York.
—Mr. and Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney of New York have arrived at their cottage on the Cliffs.
—Mrs. Thomas Coggeshall, who spent the winter in New York, has arrived at his home on Key street.
—The hearing in the W. H. King case was continued yesterday, and an adjournment made until tomorrow.
—Ex-Governor and Mrs. Lippitt returned to Providence yesterday on board Mr. R. L. Lippitt's steam yacht Velchra.
—Sergeant Ford returned from New Bedford last night with the deserter from Fort Adams who recently gave himself up there.
—Mr. and Mrs. Howard Smith have returned from Philadelphia, where they have been spending the winter. They are at Mrs. Wilbur's, Pelham street.
—Broadway, between Malbone road and Rhode Island avenue, is receiving a thorough overhauling. This part of the street has not been in first-class condition for a long time.
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—Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Herrick, Mr. George Chesterman and Miss R. Chesterman of New York; Miss Almira W. Bennett of Jamaica Plain and Mr. and Mrs. Francis Colwell, Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Hayden, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Baker and Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Kendrick of Providence are at the Muenchinger-King cottage.

New Bedford, 4; Fall River, 3.
The New Bedford won by bunting Mrs. in the fifth inning and again in the seventh. Anderson struck out ten men, and after the third inning but for his error he would have been a star. Gerry pitched a steady game for the Fall River. Attendance, 500.

Innings.

A. B. R. H. E. P. O. A. E.									
New Bedford.....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Fall River.....	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Local Briefs.
—The Rogers High School baseball team, with a few select rooters, went to Fall River yesterday and took the home team into camp by a score of 9 to 8. The game was played on the old cricket park, which contains many trees, rocks, paths and telegraph poles, which were the cause of several errors by the shortstops and second basemen of both teams. Clarke pitched a good game for Rogers, and won the game by his batting. Brownell caught well behind the bat, and threw timely to bases. Peters made a star catch in the seventh, which, with the help of Pike and Curry, resulted in a triple play. Macdonald pitched as steadily as usual for Fall River, but has received better support in the days that are gone. The score is as follows:

ROGERS HIGH SCHOOL.

A. B. R. H. E. P. O. A. E.									
Clarke, p.....	5	1	2	0	0	1	5	1	0
King, 2b.....	5	0	0	0	0	3	1	2	0
G. Brownell, c.....	5	2	2	1	0	3	0	0	0
Condon, 3b.....	5	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0
Pike, 1b.....	5	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
Bradley, l.f.....	5	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0
Curry, s.s.....	5	1	0	0	0	1	3	2	0
Peters, r.f.....	5	1	3	0	0	1	1	0	0
A. Brownell, c.....	5	2	2	0	0	1	0	0	0
Total	45	9	12	6	27	16	7	0	0

FALL RIVER HIGH SCHOOL.

A. B. R. H. E. P. O. A. E.									
Hawes, c.f.....	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Anderson, 1b.....	5	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	0
Macdonald, p.....	5	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Warren, 2b.....	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dowdy, s.s.....	5	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Butler, c.....	5	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Gibson, 3b.....	5	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Turner, l.f.....	5	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Macdonald, p.....	5	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	38	8	12	6	27	16	7	0	0

Rogers High, 9; Fall River High, 8.
The Rogers High School baseball team, with a few select rooters, went to Fall River yesterday and took the home team into camp by a score of 9 to 8. The game was played on the old cricket park, which contains many trees, rocks, paths and telegraph poles, which were the cause of several errors by the shortstops and second basemen of both teams. Clarke pitched a good game for Rogers, and won the game by his batting. Brownell caught well behind the bat, and threw timely to bases. Peters made a star catch in the seventh, which, with the help of Pike and Curry, resulted in a triple play. Macdonald pitched as steadily as usual for Fall River, but has received better support in the days that are gone. The score is as follows:

ROGERS HIGH SCHOOL.

A. B. R. H. E. P. O. A. E.									
Clarke, p.....	5	1	2	0	0	1	5	1	0
King, 2b.....	5	0	0	0	0	3	1	2	0
G. Brownell, c.....	5	2	2	1	0	3	0	0	0
Condon, 3b.....	5	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0
Pike, 1b.....	5	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
Bradley, l.f.....	5	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0
Curry, s.s.....	5	1	0	0	0	1	3	2	0
Peters, r.f.....	5	1	3	0	0	1	1	0	0
A. Brownell, c.....	5	2	2	0	0	1	0	0	0
Total	45	9	12	6	27	16	7	0	0

FALL RIVER HIGH SCHOOL.

A. B. R. H. E. P. O. A. E.									
Hawes, c.f.....	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Anderson, 1b.....	5	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	0
Macdonald, p.....	5	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Warren, 2b.....	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dowdy, s.s.....	5	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Butler, c.....	5	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
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Turner, l.f.....	5	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Macdonald, p.....	5	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	38	8	12	6	27	16	7	0	0

Gallagher has gone to New York to take an examination.
The Rogers boys will play the Cumberland High School at Valley Falls tomorrow, leaving on the 11 o'clock train for Fall River.

Pawtucket has signed Knorr. Last year he was loaned to New Bedford by Providence. There was a kick over the case by the other clubs, but Knorr played the season out and received no money from either New Bedford or Providence. In consequence Providence could not hold him this season.

The release of Gaston by Taunton to Toronto shows a similar deal. The two teams are managed by the Irwin brothers, and Gaston was simply loaned to Taunton. It cannot be proved that such was the case, so John Irwin gets out all right.

They do say that Taunton has the smallest grounds and the most intense interest of any city in the league, and that the umpire must give the home team both ends and the middle of all decisions.

National League games yesterday—Louisville, 3; Boston, 4. Baltimore, 10; Chicago, 3; Cleveland, 4; Philadelphia, 2; Chicago, 6; New York, 2.

Eastern League games—Providence, 15; Wilkesbarre, 3; Springfield, 9; Scranton, 3. Hartford defeated Amherst, 6 to 9; Yale defeated Lehigh, 22 to 3; Princeton defeated Cornell, 15 to 1.

The Brockton Enterprise into verse as follows:
Fall River's fallen heroes are completely out of the line.
Pawtucket up to date has not secured itself a line.
New Bedford's only waiting till the Tauntons get on our side.
And then live's former players into last place will slide.
Providence, just at present, seems to have a winning side.
But the Brocktons want the pennant and they're bound to have their line.

PORTSMOUTH.
[Regular correspondence of the News.]
Sett C. Rites and wife and their son Loring have been in town for a few days.
Mrs. Chester B. Tallman and her two sons have gone to Philadelphia for an extended visit to Mrs. Tallman's brothers, Daniel and Charles Gifford.
Mrs. Edward M. Chace and her son Bertram are guests of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Chace.
Mrs. Gertrude E. Macomber of Cambridgeport, Mass., is visiting her father, Mr. Isaac B. Macomber.
D. G. Boyd lost his watch while planting potatoes six weeks ago. Monday his

How's This!
We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Prop., Toledo, O.
We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.
WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
Hall's Catarrh is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle, Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

LOCAL BRIEFS.
—Schneider Laurel is discharging granite for James H. Cotrell.
—Miss Mary G. Copley is visiting in Providence and Taunton.
—Mr. John J. Butler is engaged to sing at a concert in Taunton tonight.
—Miss Rose Feeley of Providence has returned home after a visit in this city.
—Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Travers and Mrs. Burke-Rocher have returned to New York.
—Rebconer J. Henry Edmunds arrived yesterday, with pipe for the gas company.
—Mr. J. C. Whitebridge of Baltimore and Mr. H. Douche of New York are at Kinzie's.
—Mr. and Mrs. P. S. Taggart have arrived from New York, and are guests of Mr. J. M. Swan.
—The Puritan for June has a number of views of the new home of John Jacob Astor in New York.
—Mr. and Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney of New York have arrived at their cottage on the Cliffs.
—Mrs. Thomas Coggeshall, who spent the winter in New York, has arrived at his home on Key street.
—The hearing in the W. H. King case was continued yesterday, and an adjournment made until tomorrow.
—Ex-Governor and Mrs. Lippitt returned to Providence yesterday on board Mr. R. L. Lippitt's steam yacht Velchra.
—Sergeant Ford returned from New Bedford last night with the deserter from Fort Adams who recently gave himself up there.
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EXPLOSIVES ARE DANGEROUS.
Tuesday a curious accident, that helps to show how dangerous even apparently harmless explosives are, happened to a young son of Joseph Hoar. He was in the house talking to his mother, when he reached into his pocket for caps. In some way the caps exploded, badly blistering and partly tearing the flesh of his hands and setting his clothing on fire. If his mother had not been present the lad would probably have been seriously burned before assistance could have reached him. As it was, he was quite severely injured.

Jardinieres and Pedestals.
A fine assortment opened this day.
ERASTUS P. ALLAN,
181 & 133 Thames Street.

HEIRS OF GEO. BOWEN.
Wm. H. Boone, Agent.
We have a large assortment of
RED AND WHITE ASH COALS,
Cannel Coal for Open Fires,
Hickory, Oak, Maple, Eastern and Southern Pine Woods
Prepared in any manner desired.
Telephone connection.

Fancy Gilt Edge Northern Creamery Butter,
2 lbs. a lb., 5 lbs. for \$1.
AT THE
New York Butter and Grocery House,
149 & 151 THAMES STREET.
E. A. EDER, Proprietor.

WOOD'S MALT EXTRACT
MAKES MORE BLOOD.
MAKES PURE BLOOD.
GIVES STRENGTH.
20 Cents a Bottle.
GEO. A. WOOD, Druggist,
108 BROADWAY.

WM. H. COTTON.
Druggist and Apothecary.
OLD No. 145, NEW No. 228 THAMES STREET.
NEWPORT, R. I.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.
Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration contrary to the cheap brands.
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Begin the Building
Of your house now, and it will be ready for you when the winter comes.
R. W. CURRY, BUILDER,
146 Spring Street.

OFF THE MAINE COAST, J.T.B.
Newport's Gunboat Namesake Speeding on Her Official Trial.
A despatch from Bath, Me., says United States gunboat Newport, which was recently completed by the Bath Iron Works, is having her official speed trial over the course off that coast today. She left the dock at 6:40 o'clock this morning to proceed over the course, and will return there afterwards. A special government board of inspectors has charge of the trial. The course is a long distance from land, and the boat will probably not return until late in the afternoon.

AUCTION SALES.
EXECUTOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.
Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in the will of Mary McGowan Nicholson, deceased, the undersigned will sell at public auction on Monday, May 31st, 1897, at 12 o'clock noon on the premises hereinafter described, all of the right, title and interest which at the time of her death, the said Mary McGowan Nicholson had in and to the following described parcel of land in the city of Newport with the buildings and improvements thereon: That certain lot or parcel of land situate in said city of Newport and bounded Northerly by Levin street, thirty feet; Easterly by land now or late of Henry G. Tompkins, sixty-seven feet; Southerly by land now or late of William M. Holt, thirty-six feet; and Westerly by land belonging to the corporation of St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church, sixty-seven feet, be all of said measurements more or less or however otherwise said land may be bounded or described, it being the same property that was conveyed to the said Mary McGowan Nicholson by Pauline V. Reed by deed dated January 31st, 1879, and recorded in volume 49 of the land evidence of said city of Newport at page 263.
JOHN B. BENNETT, Executor.
EUGENE C. O'NEILL, Auctioneer.
Newport, R. I., May 15, 1897.

CONFECTIONERY.
DON'T FORGET
That we are here all the year round.
Twenty-seven years in our business in this city gives us a knowledge of Newport's trade, such as is possessed by no other dealer. You gain by our experience.
For Fresh Pure
CANDIES
It will pay you to call and examine our stock made on the premises of nothing but the best materials in the market, at prices that will compare most favorably